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Childrens Corner.

TWINS AT THE WEST.
(No. 5.)

Story of Seth Doane and the First Settlers of Cleveland.—"When Mr. Doane left his home in Chatham, Conn.," said **Mr. Dale,** "it took him ninety-two days to reach this place. Cleveland was then a mere forest, and he could find few persons who were willing to leave their happy homes in the East and meet the trials and hardships they must endure in settling a new country. But his friend Edwards was induced to accompany him and take his family into the far West, as this region was then called. So they took leave of their friends with throbbing hearts, for they could not hope to return from this distant country in many years. Perhaps they were bidding a final adieu to the scenes that now seemed so dear to them. This was in the early Spring of 1798. And though they had bright and joyous anticipations in the dim future, yet their hearts were then oppressed with sadness."

"Why, Uncle," said Harry, "one would think that the Doanes were going to Asia. It seems really amusing to hear of this leave-taking. How long would it take us now to go from this place to Chatham, Conn?"

"Not quite two days," said his uncle. It does indeed seem like a dream to hear of the great changes that have taken place in our beloved country during the past century. It is only five years since the last of these pilgrims from Connecticut closed his pilgrimage on earth and went home to dwell in that better country where parting scenes are forever unknown. This aged pilgrim was the young hero whose story I am about to tell you. He had lived until he was surrounded by the refinements and comforts of civilized life. The little cabin in which he spent his youthful days stood on yonder spot of ground on the borders of the lake. And many persons are still living in Cleveland who are familiar with the incidents I am about to relate. You may be assured, my dear boys, that the story of Seth Doane is indeed

A TRUE STORY.

"Seth Doane* was about the age of my nephews," said Mr. Doane, "when the new settlers arrived in Cleveland. How weary they all were with their long journey. They had taken wagons and horses with them, but in some places the road had been so rough that they had been compelled to leave their wagons and plod their weary way on foot. At sunset their day's journey finished—they had often halted in a dense forest to prepare their supper and pass the night. As they advanced nearer their new home the roads became increasingly rough, so that they all rejoiced when they had reached the end of their journey.

"Seth was a bright, active boy, and he made himself very useful to the colonists. A location was soon found for the first buildings erected in the Forest City, near the southern shore of Lake Erie. No time was to be lost, for Summer had come, and they must clear a space of ground in which to plant the seeds they had brought, for they had not a sufficient supply of provisions to keep them through another Winter. No timber could be purchased for dwellings—no masons or carpenters could be procured to assist them in building. Seth's humble home was in a log cabin, which he had himself assisted to build in the following manner:—

"After a suitable number of trees had been cut down, stakes, forked at the top, were driven into the ground. On these logs were placed, and the chinks between were stopped with clay to exclude the rain. It reminded the boy of the cob-houses he had made for amusement in his Connecticut home. At length the buildings were completed, a small clearing had been made, and everything began to assume an air of comfort.—With gratitude to God, who had preserved them thus far, they looked forward to bright and happy days in their Western home. It is true their floors were not adorned with carpets, they had no sofas, no rich china for the table, and the only room in their little cabins had a scanty supply of furniture. But they were surprised to find that their real wants were not so numerous as they had once imagined, and every day they were enabled new settlers in the face. The warm, loving heart of the poor boy was bursting with anguish. to do something to promote each other's comfort and happiness. But in the latter part of Summer sickness entered their dwellings. Mr. Doane, his wife, and all the children but Seth, were too ill to leave their beds. And as the same fever prevailed in Mr. Edwards' cabin, famine began to stare the

(To be continued.)

* Seth Doane died in the vicinity of Cleveland in the year 1850. An aged lawyer is now living in the Forest City from whom we have obtained many of the interesting details given in these sketches of Western travel.

THE FANTOCCINI BOY.*

Listen, Lillie, and hear me tell
Of a house and the fairies that in it dwell,
Fantoccini is their name,
And from Italy they came
House and all, came o'er the sea
Ministers of fun to be;
And their master, handsome boy,
Finds their care a full employ.
On his breast the house he carries,
Never long in one place tarries;
But from door to door he hurries,
Turned away, he never worries;
Gaily listens to the next,
Never by unkindness vexed;
But whenever girl or boy
Would his fairy show enjoy,
Opens quick the little door,
Calls a fairy to the floor,
Makes the merry music play,
Makes the fairy dance away,
Talks as if the little elf
Had a tongue to talk itself;
Fills the time all up with fun,
Till the little play is done.

Busy Fantoccini boy,
Once at home thy parent's joy;
But they sent thee o'er the sea
That thou might'st their helper be.
Thoughts of them thy patient mind
Keeps when strangers are unkind;
Thoughts of them, thy glad heart fill
When they treat thee with good will.
All the money thou can'st save,
Thou wilt carry o'er the wave,
Proudly to thy mother give,
Then within the cottage live;
Which but for thy hard-earned gold,
Would to strangers have been sold.

Filial Fantoccini boy,
Love helps thee in thy hard employ;
Wandering on from town to town,
Through streets, lanes, alleys, up and down;
Fun for all the children making
Of their merriment partaking;
Children cannot long be sad,
Who thus make their parents glad;
And to give thy parents joy
Thou toilest, Fantoccini boy.

* An engraving by Sartain, from a painting by Edmonstone.

In answer to the question, "How many English words are derived from the Latin verb, Scribere, to write," we receive the following list, containing twenty-one words. Who will follow the example of our young friend Jennie, and add still more to this long list? We notice with pleasure the correct spelling of every word she has written.

Inscription,	Superscribe,
Description,	Inscribing,
Proscription,	Describing,
Prescription,	Proscribing,
Subscription,	Prescribing,
Superscription,	Subscribing,
Inscribe,	Superscribing,
Describe,	Scribble,
Proscribe,	Scribe,
Prescribe,	Scripture,
Subscribe,	

JENNIE.

How is Starch Made?—Wheat is steeped in water until the husk is softened. Then it is pressed through canvass bags and drained into shallow vessels.

Then the water is poured off, and the white powder which remains at the bottom of the vessel is starch. It was during Queen Mary's time that it was first used in England. It was then introduced for the purpose of stiffening linen, but hair powder was afterwards made from starch.

He that is destitute must not keep a dog.

Selected Tale.

Burrs Under the Saddle.

A SKETCH OF THE REVOLUTION.

During the month of March' 1788, the British army being at Philadelphia, and the American force at Valley Forge, the American commander-in-chief was desirous of having some information concerning the state of affairs in the city, and desired Capt. Allen M'Lane to pick him out a few trusty men for the purpose. M'Lane selected five of his own men, with Sergeant John Marks for leader, and sent the latter to head quarters to receive instructions.

Mark was a very young man to be entrusted with important services, being only twenty-two years of age; but M'Lane had frequently marked his conduct in camp and in field, had made himself well acquainted with his character, and knew that he could be thoroughly relied on. Marks was a lank, bony fellow, with high cheek bones, square jaw, and rather large mouth; but he had a fine expressive eye, his features were exceedingly noble, and his countenance entirely under his control. With this he possessed great powers of mimicry, which he used to show off frequently for the amusement of his comrads, and had a reputation for shrewdness. His muscular system had not received its full development, but his habits had made him almost as active as a panther. He was fully instructed by Gen. Washington, as to the information desired, and left camp at dark, arriving in a short time at Point Kennedy, on the Schuylkill. At that point he struck across the country, and by means of bye-ways with which he was well acquainted, having been raised in the neighborhood, evaded the scouting parties of the enemy, and arrived at Montau soon after dark. Here he posted his little troop in a cedar hollow, overlooking the river; while he in the disguise of a countryman, with a sack of vegetables which he had stolen from a garden in the neighborhood, rode into the city. He not only escaped detection, but managed to sell his vegetables to a member of Howe's staff, was taken to the General's presence, and in return for false information in regard to Washington's movements, managed to learn some facts of importance.—Promising to return in a few days with more vegetables, he was enabled to leave the town more leisurely, with a passport in his pocket, and some sugar, coffee and other articles of a like nature in his sack. He joined his men without suspicion about nightfall, and after dark the little party set out on its return.

Now, had Marks kept in the course by which he come, it is possible he could have reached the American lines in good time and with safety.—But it happened that about a mile from the river, at a point nearly opposite Spring Mill, there lived a farmer named M'Illvaine, who, although a quaker, and non-combatant, was well disposed towards the American cause. M'Illvaine had a daughter, named Priscilla, a young and handsome girl, to whom Marks was strongly attached, but who had never betrayed any symptoms of affection in return. The house was half a mile or more out of the former route, but lover like, he took his men in that direction. It was late in the night when he neared the place—the moon was down—yet it was probably some satisfaction for the young man to look upon the building where he supposed his lady love to be buried in repose. As they silently and swiftly passed along, the watch dog of the farm began to bark, the inmates of the house were alarmed, and a light at one of the windows showed them to be stirring. At the same moment a hoseman rode unexpectedly from the shadow of a small patch of woods on the left, and challenged the new comers. The answer was a pistol shot from Marks, which tumbled the challenger from his horse. A general alarm at the farm house followed, and was answered by a bugle call a short distance ahead.—Mark found he had come upon a post of the enemy, and dashed on with his force. At the turn of the road a hundred yards further, they found a small detachment formed across their path. As the Americans knew the road forked on the other side of this force, and their chance of escape was good if they could reach the left hand road, which was a mere by-path, they charged sword in hand.

Three of the troopers managed to break through and escaped, but Marks and a stout trooper by the name of Gahl, from Bucks county, were intercepted and obliged to cross sabres with the enemy. It proved useless to contend with superior numbers, by this time reinforced by others from the farm house; and after a short and severe contest, resulting in the death of one of the British troops, the two Americans were taken prisoners, and carried back to the house of M'Illvaine.

Marks was filled with chagrin, partly at his folly in taking the most dangerous path and partly at his inability to convey to the commander-in-chief the valuable information he had picked up in the city.

He veiled his mortification, however, in a cool and careless demeanor, and in reply to the lieutenant commanding the British detachment, said that he had been sent out on a foraging party, had lost his way, and managed to get almost within sight of the city before he discovered his blunder.—Priscilla, who, with the rest of the family, was now awake and dressed, saw, but apparently did not recognize Marks. After some more questions, which were answered in what seemed to be an open manner, the lieutenant directed the Americans to be placed, securely bound and guarded, in an upper room of the house, there to remain until morning. By way of comfort he gave them the assurance that they would both be hanged as spies.

Marks with his companion passed a sleepless night; it was not alone the prospect of an ignominous death which troubled him, but he had learned enough in the city to know that a surprise movement similar to that attempted on the previous 4th of December, against the American forces, was set down for the following day, and was aware that it was entirely unexpected.—He revolved various plans of escape in his mind, none of which appeared to be practicable, and finally concluded to dismiss any premeditation on the matter, and he merely prepared to take advantage of unexpected circumstances. As for Gahl, he took matters like a philosopher, and snored away all night, in happy unconciousness of his situation.

At daylight the prisoners were brought down and placed upon the porch, while lieutenant Draper and the men under his command took breakfast in the house.—The horses of the troopers, with those of Marks and Gahl, also, were all saddled and hitched to the fences, under the charge of a little Scotchman named McPherson.—Priscilla, accompanied by Lieutenant Draper, came out, the former bearing some food. After it was partaken of, Priscilla laid the dishes, knives and forks upon a bench on the porch, and listened with apparent interest to the questions put by the lieutenant. The latter, by way of encouragement, assured the two Americans if they gave true statements their lives would be spared, otherwise they would be hanged. He then left them for a short time to digest the information, Priscilla remaining behind.

The Quaker girl still appearing not to recognize Marks, said to him loud enough to be heard by the soldiers who were passing to and fro:—

'I would advise thee, friend, to tell all thee knows. Friend Draper will keep his word with thee, I am sure.' She then added in a low voice, 'keep still, John and I will save thee. Answer what I say, but pay no heed to what I do.'

Marks caught her intent in a moment, and replied aloud:

'I won't turn scoundrel, Miss, for fear of death, even if I had any surety the captain would keep his word.'

Other conversation followed, and Priscilla, who had concealed a sharp case knife in her sleeve managed to cut the prisoners' bonds without observation, cautioning them at the same time not to move too soon. She told them that the lieutenant's horses, one of which was ridden by his servant, and both standing nearest the gate, were the swiftest of all; and then went out and exchanged some light observations with McPherson, patting and admiring the horses one by one. Marks kept a close watch upon her, and noticed that she passed something under the saddle-cloth of each horse; but she did not lay her hands on the two horses of the Lieutenant. Priscilla returned presently and with a significant glance at the captives, entered the house, and engaged Lieut. Draper in conversation.

McPherson, in the meanwhile, had noticed that some manœuvring was being made, and came on the porch to inspect the fastening of the prisoners. As he did so, Gahl, who was a powerful man, struck him between the two eyes with his full force, and the Scotchman fell backward from the raised floor to the ground, striking his head against a stone so severely as to take away his senses for the time. Before the alarm could be given, Marks and Gahl were mounted on the officer's horses, and galloping furiously up the road. Draper rushed out, and, hurried pistol shots being ineffectual, ordered a pursuit. But the party had not proceeded a dozen yards, before every horse grew restive, and at length utterly unmanageable. All attempts to control them were in vain, and the horses growing more furious, unseated trooper after trooper. The single exception was in Marks own horse, which Draper had mounted. He was quiet enough, but Draper happening to dismount, in order to examine into the cause of the trouble, the steed galloped off after his master, whom he ultimately overtook.

After considerable time thus lost, it occurred to the Lieutenant that there was some trick in the matter. The horses were stripped, and it was found that the sharp burrs of the burdock had been placed under every saddle, and had fretted and galled the animals almost to madness. By this time the fugitives had too much start, and pursuit was abandoned.

About four miles further on, Marks and Gahl fell in with three troopers of the enemy. The Americans were without sabres, but there were pistols in the holsters, and with these they settled two of their opponents. The third put spurs to his horse, and turning down a cross road, escaped. Marks and his friend were in too much of a hurry to pursue him, and rode on towards the camp, where they arrived that afternoon. The information that Marks brought was of essential service. The British arrived during the night, but found such formidable preparations made to receive the attacking columns, that they quietly retreated by the road they came.

Lieut. Draper suspected Priscilla, who denied having a hand in the matter, and wondered very much where the burrs had been obtained at this season of the year.—The truth is that the girl had got them from some uncombed wool, which lay in an upper chamber, the sheep of the farm having gathered them in their rambles.—Thus two kinds of non-combatants had played important parts in the matter; but the Lieutenant never found that out. He never ceased to lament the loss of his pistols, which were a handsome, silver mounted pair, nor his showy cloak, which had been strapped behind his saddle, both proving of great service to Marks.

Marks and Gahl were promoted. The latter was made a sergeant; and was killed afterwards in a skirmish at Van Dam's Mill. Marks served through the war, became ultimely a captain, and distinguished himself in several actions. After the war, he returned to Chester County, and Priscilla became his wife. The latter was formally 'disowned,' by her sect, for 'marrying out of meeting,' and for having aggravated her offense by being married by a 'hired priest.' The expulsion did not seem to affect her spirits much, for she became a jolly, contented matron, and lived to a good old age, surviving her husband two years. The descendants of the couple still live in Chester and Montgomery Counties, with the exception of a grandson, George Marks, who is, or was recently, a thriving farmer in Vinton County, Ohio.

Save It.—Yes, young man, save it.—Put it in a safe place, and add to it often. We refer to the half-dime you were about to expend for a cigar, or the dime you are on the point of exchanging for a 'drink'—Get a stout box made, and when you are tempted to spend your coin for a useless indulgence, drop it in the said box instead and listen to its musical jingle. Ah! you have no idea how three cent bits and half dimes, and dimes, and quarters count up. But try this savings-bank for a year, and then count your coin, and you will learn how much money you might have wasted. And not only wasted money, but time—precious, priceless time, and formed habits of idleness and dissipation which cling to the unfortunate possessor as the fabled poisonous shirt of Nessus clings to him who once puts it on. Yes, save your money, young man, and spend your leisure hours at home with your mother or your sisters, and occupy yourself with earnest judicious study, and instead of being a hewer of wood and a drawer of water for others in your declining days, you will stand a chance of taking rank with the great and prosperous and honored ones of the earth

Origin of the Sewing Machine.—The Springfield Republican claims that the originator of this useful and labor saving machine is Mr. Allen Wilson, of that vicinity. The first was brought out in 1850. The Republican also tells what it was that fired the genius of Wilson, and does it so poetically that we quote its language:

'Within sight of his shop, three orphaned sisters sat and sewed for bread. The younger stitched the elder's winding sheet, and the other stitched her own. One by one, pale consumption claimed them, and they dropped as the red leaves of autumn drop. As the mechanic helped to lower the last one within her narrow house, shedding upon her bier the honest tear of neighbor and of friend, he resolved that a way should be found, whereby the slavery of the needle should end. They did not die in vain; for before the graves were grassed, the village paper that announced their death, contained a paragraph describing how its editor had seen a machine that sewed a curved seam, the first ever made in the world.

So humanity blossoms from decay, and sympathy festoons the chambers of invention with garlands too green to fade, too useful to be lost."

The Toothache.—"My dear friend," said H——, "I can cure your tooth ache in ten minutes." "How? how?" I enquired. Do it in pity." "Instantly," said he, "Have you any alum!"

"Yes."

"Bring it with common salt."

They were produced.—My friend pulverized them, mixed them in equal quantities, then wet a small piece of cotton, causing the mixed powder to adhere, and placed it in my hollow tooth.

"There,' said he, "if that does not cure you I will forfeit my head. You may tell this story to every one, and publish it everywhere. The remedy is infallible.

Sabbath Reading.

Extracts from Nature and the Supernatural, by Dr. Bushnell.

The need of a supernatural, divine ministration, to restore the disorders of sin, is now shown, also that such a ministration is compatible with the the order of nature. Is this exigency met by the fact! Is this supernatural, divine ministration actually set up?

Come now, all ye that tell us in your wisdom of the natural humanity of Jesus, and help us to find how it is that He is only a natural developement of the human. Select your best and wisest character; take the range, if you will, of all the great philosophers and saints and choose out one that is most competent—do you not tell us that they can say as divine things as He! Or come forward yourselves in this trial and say—"follow me—I am from above, ye are from beneath—I am the light of the world." Taken in all these transcendent assumptions, and see how soon your glory will be sifted out of you by the detective gaze and darkened by the contempt of mankind. Give us this one experiment and see if it does not prove to you a truth that is of some consequence, viz., that you are a man, and that Jesus Christ is—more.

After sketching some of the distinctive characteristics proving that the Savior is the highest manifestation of the supernatural, the writer adds, "We have seen him unfolding as a flower, from the germ of a perfect youth, growing up to enter into great scenes and have his part in great trials; harmonious in all with himself and truth, a miracle of celestial beauty. He is a lamb in innocence, a God in dignity; revealing an impenitent, but faultless piety, such as to the highest of mortals, is inherently impossible. He advances the most extravagant pretensions without any show of conceit, or even seeming fault of modesty. He suffers without affectation of composure—suffers as no mortal sensibility can, and where to mortal view there was no reason for pain at all; giving us not only an example of gentleness and patience in all the small trials of life, but revealing the depths even of the passive virtues of God, in his agony and the patience of his suffering love.

In his teachings he is perfectly original, distinct from his age and from all ages never warped by the expectation of his friends, always in a balance of truth, sway'd by no excesses, running to no oppositions or extremes. He is equally clear of all superstition and of all liberalisms; presenting the highest doctrines in the lowest and simplest forms; establishing a pure universal morality never before established and with all his intense devotion to the truth never anxious perceptibly for the success of his doctrine.

Finally, to sum up all in one, he grows more great and wise and sacred the more he is known. And this we say is Jesus, the Christ, manifestly not human, not of our world, a being who has burst into it, but is not of it.

Who can satisfy himself with anything he can say of Jesus Christ? We have seen pictures of the Savior by the first masters; but not one among them all, that did not rebuke the weakness which could dare attempt an impossible subject. So of the character of Jesus. It is necessary for the holy interest of truth that we should explore it as we are best able, but what are human thoughts and human conceptions on a subject that dwarfs all thought and immediately outgrows whatever is conceived! The more impossible it is found to be, to grasp the character and set it forth, the more clearly it is seen to be above our range—a miracle, and a mystery.

How many of the household of faith have journeyed and are now travelling to their "city of habitation" through the paths of modest obscurity and almost unheeded piety!

It is one of the most interesting employments of the Christian minister to search out these spiritual lilies of the valley, whose beauty and fragrance are nearly concealed in their shady retreats. To rear the flower, to assist in unfolding its excellencies and bring forth its fruit in due season, is a work that delightfully recompenses the toil of the cultivator.

Leigh Richmond.

Hannah More, at the close of her useful life, when one spoke to her of her good deeds, replied, "Talk not so vainly; I utterly cast them from me and fall low at the foot of the cross."

Does not the light of God's truth sometimes fall on banks of ice; which, if the light shines through, the crystal masses are yet as cold as before.—*Bushnell.*

Reason and Faith.—Reason and faith resemble the two sons of the patriarch.—Reason is the first-born, but Faith inherits the blessing.—*Fuller.*

It is always safe to learn, even from our enemies—seldom safe to venture to instruct, even our friends.—*Lacon.*

Memoir of Rhode-Island.

1731.

not, but I believe it will be a hard struggle. We have lost our evidence this time, Capt. Fir Hall, he being won over by the Barbadoes to their side, by being appointed Secretary to that Island, a considerable post which is certainly owing to the opportunity he had in appearing for us last year. I am with due respect for the General Court,

Their faithful friend,
R. PARTRIDGE.

1732.

The General Assembly convened at Newport the 2d day of May, 1732 being the day before the election. Present, the Gov. Dep. Gov. and the following named Assistants from the towns:

Newport.

George Goulding,	Benjamin Ellery,
Nicholas Easton,	Joseph Whipple,
James Clarke,	Thos. Coggeshall,

Providence.

John Potter,	Jabez Brown,
Richard Waterman,	John Thornton.

Portsmouth.

Gideon Freeborn,	Daniel Pearce.
Thos. Hix,	Gideon Cornell.

Warwick.

John Warner,	Othniel Gorton,
Joseph Sanford,	Anthony Low,

Westerly.

Joseph Stanton,	William Champlin,

Shoreham.

Simon Ray,	Thomas Rathbone,

N. Kingston.

Jeremiah Gould,	Francis Willet.

S. Kingston.

Geo Hazard,	John Potter,

E. Greenwich.

Thomas Frye,	Thomas Nichols.

Jamestown.

Nicholas Carr,	Samuel Clarke.

Smithfield.

Jonath'n Sprague	James Aldrich.

Scituate.

Stephen Hopkins,	Zachariah Rhodes.

Gloucester.

John Smith,	Job Comstock.

By Election the next day were chosen.
WILLIAM WANTON, Gov.
JOHN WANTON, Dep. Gov.

Assistants.

Samuel Vernon,	John Gardner,
John Potter,	Nicholas Power,
George Cornell,	William Anthony,
Job Greene,	John Wickes,
William Hall,	Rouse Helmes.

Richard Ward, Secretary,
James Honeyman, Jr. Attorney General.
Abraham Borden, Gen'rl Treasurer.

Voted and enacted that His Honor the Governor draw up an answer to our agent's letter, as also an answer to all papers sent home against the government [Massachusetts,] and that his Honor the Deputy Governor, Samuel Vernon and John Gardner, Esquires, Mr. Speaker, Capt. Joseph Whipple and Capt. Nicholas Carr, or the major part of them are hereby appointed a committee to review and correct those drafts drawn by the Governor aforesaid, in order to be sent to our agent; and that they keep copies of the same and present them to the Assembly at their next session.

1732.

The Assembly met again at Newport the second Monday of June.

James Franklin petitioned the Assembly to employ him as printer to the colony, representing that he had been at great expense in establishing a printing press &c. at Newport. The Assembly voted to give him the sum of £20 at the year's end, 'provided he print twenty copies of what general acts shall be passed by the General Assembly within said term.

A resolution passed to pay Rouse Helme for building a county house in South Kingston, the sum of £791 2-3 including what he had already received.—The house was located on Tower hill. In December 1733, he was allowed the balance of his account say £72 5 3, making in all £863 7 6, which was probably the cost of the house.

The Assembly met at Providence the last Wednesday in October and again at the same place by warrant of the Governor on the 23d day of January following.

Abraham Borden, General Treasurer, having deceased, Gideon Wanton was chosen to that office.

1733.

The General Assembly convened at Newport the first day of May, 1733, being the day before election. Present, the Gov. Deputy Gov. and the following named Deputies from the towns:

Newport.

George Goulding,	Benjamin Ellery,
Wm. Coddington	Joseph Whipple,
James Clarke,	Daniel Gould,

Providence.

Rich. Waterman,	Jabez Brown,
Joseph Fenner,	Rich. Thornton,

Portsmouth.

Gideon Freeborn,	Thos. Hicks.
Daniel Pearce,	Gideon Cornell.

Warwick.

John Greene,	Othniel Gorton.
Joseph Stafford,	Thos. Rice.

Poetry.

For the Mercury.

IANTHE, BEAUTIFUL IANTHE!

"She walks in beauty, like the night
Of cloudless climes and starry skies;
And all that's dark and best of bright
Meet in her aspect and her eyes:"

The eve when first we met, I sat as one
Entranced, gazing into those stainless eyes;
And thought, I beheld the inner working
Of a soul that spoke more than lips could breathe;
And as the summer's sun drinks up the sea,
So drank my soul each fond glance of thine.
O, that voice! that has the spiritual
Intonation of the spheres: that ever
Goes singing thro' my ears, as birds in the
Air, 'tis the silver-cord whose melody
Trances hearts, for O! 'tis like hushed music.
Thy cheeks might vie with the sunny hues of
Italy's flushed skies, or oriental
Amber clouds when the last blush of ebbing
Day tips them with gold. Lips, tempting lips! that
Drop as the honey-comb. Like curled rose leaves
Bathed in glittering dew. Sweet lips! that are
A clasped book of poetry, of song and
Beauty unsung—bound in scarlet, and edged
With pearl. Thy hair is not coal-black as the
Raven; but 'tis dark—ravelled and twined like
Trellised vines; and clusters o'er a calm and
Thoughtful brow, white as woven snow and chaste
As the camelia: but O, those eyes! those
Orion eyes! so bright, yet soft and pure
As the lustre of bridal pearls, with the
Mild and pensive look of a bride: Those eyes
Wherein lie the poetry of expression;
Winning hearts without the aid of speech. How
Matchlessly beautiful! That look to heaven
And emulate the seraphs. Deep thoughts dwell
In them, too sacred and sad for the heart
To tell; but when they smile, 'twere a thousand
Smiles in one. "The light of love and soul of
Beauty" sparkles in them, like chequered sunshine
Stealing through foliage moist and tremulous
With dewy diamonds. I have sat watching
The wanderings of the soul mirror'd in
Their clear depths—and as a dew-drop in a
Daisy cup reflects the rich nectar—so counterparts
Of myself floated within their little
Azure rings—and as they played beneath the
Rich folds of those silken lashes—as the
Spray-caressed lilly—the rise and fall of
Their jetty fringe, was the tide of my heart,
For it beat but with their looks.

New York, Jan. '59. A. B.

THE FIRST SAILOR.

Who was the first sailor? tell me who can;
Old father Neptune? no, you are wrong.
There was another ere Neptune began;
Who was he? tell me! Tightly and strong;
Over the waters he went, he went,
Over the waters he went.
Ha! 't is nought but the poor little nautilus—
Sailing away in his ancient shell;
He has no need of a compass like us,
Foul or fair weather he manages well!
Over the water he goes, he goes,
Over the water he goes.

Domestic Hints.

The following is a recipe for a cheap but valuable cough candy:—

Take 1-2 ounce of aloes, 1-4 pound of gum camphor, 1 ounce white turpentine,—all of which can be obtained at druggists store.—2 pounds of maple sugar, or the like proportions for a less quantity; pulverize and mix together the three first named ingredients, dissolve the sugar by adding a small quantity of water, and boil over a slow fire until it becomes candy, stirring in while in the process of boiling, the pulverized articles. Proceed the same as in making other candies, and use freely as circumstances may require No danger is to be apprehended from an overdose, and in most cases it will be found to be efficacious.

Cure for the Bite of a Mad Dog.—A writer in the *National Intelligencer* says that spirits of hartshorn is a certain remedy for the bite of a mad dog. The wound, he adds, should be constantly bathed with it, and three or four doses, diluted, taken inwardly during the day. The hartshorn decomposes, chemically, the virus insinuated into the wound, and immediately alters and destroys its deleteriousness.

Forced Turkey or Fowl.—Take all the bones from the turkey; fill it in again with either good sausage meat or force-meat, with or without truffles, as may be required; bruize it in a cloth, keeping it a good shape; when done, glaze the breast a good color; use silver skewers to ornament with, and any of the sauces named, or a fricandeau sauce, under it.

Peach Leaves for Yeast.—Mrs. Daniel R. Mitchell, of Rome, Ga., says the Rome *Courier*, has discovered that peach leaves are superior to hops for making yeast. The bread made from it is quite as light and equally well flavored. We understand that the yeast is made in the same way, except that dried peach leaves are used instead of hops.

To Keep Ice from Windows.—The following recipe is said to be good, and is at least worth a trial:—'take an ordinary paint brush or sponge, and rub over the glass once or twice a day a little alcohol; it will keep the glass as free from ice as in the middle of summer, and will give as good polish as can be got in any other way.'

The Newport Mercury.

SATURDAY MORNING, JAN. 29, 1859.

Our readers are aware that a new line of communication has been opened between New York and Providence, via New London and Stonington, which has already become very popular from the fact that it shortens the time by at least two hours—a very important item in these days of railroads and steamboats. At the first glance it does not appear, however, that we are to be materially benefited, nor can we be if we do not exert ourselves so far as to take advantage of every opportunity to improve the city and bring the greatest number of visitors, and the largest amount of trade to our doors. And the new route to New York can be made available in this way.

We all know that many who resort to Newport in the Summer have a strong antipathy to passing round Point Judith, and if there was a direct land route to New York, the possibility is, the majority of travelers would avail themselves of it. Here is such a route now opened to within a dozen miles of our city, and to make the connection we have only to run a small steamboat between Greenwich and Newport, leaving the latter place in the morning on the arrival of the train, and returning toward night in time to meet the down train for New York.

The advantages to be derived from such a connection would be very great; for, in the first place, it must be apparent to every one that the number of passengers who would prefer the route to that around the Point, would always be large; the communication would be more regular, for fog would be no hindrance, nor would the train or ferry boat be detained by occasional storms, and the time would be shorter than by any other conveyance. Add to all this the advantages to be derived from the trade brought to us from Narragansett, which is now turned into other channels. If it were known that regularly every morning a boat would leave Greenwich at an early hour for this city, returning the same evening, hundreds would bring their produce to town and sell or exchange it in time to return the same night. Sail vessels are too uncertain to command much trade between the two places, but once put on a steamer and all the farmers on that side, within a circuit of twelve miles of the landing, would trade in Newport.

This would not occupy the boat (which should be so constructed that teams could drive on board) but two hours daily, and after she had landed her passengers and freight in the morning, she could make a trip to the South Ferry and the Pier, bringing over everything that was ready for market, and returning to the same places again before it was time for her to make her evening trip in connection with the railroad—or she might be used for excursions, pic-nics, &c., and it is not at all likely that she would be allowed to remain idle, hardly for an hour during the three summer months. The field is a grand one; we are confident that the public would approve, and it is for some enterprising persons to count the cost and see what can be made out of it; the suggestion is made for the benefit of all, and we hope that some one may be induced to act upon it.

The business of the Post Office is of great importance to every citizen, and its various interests are so diversified that to attain that stability and regularity which it should have, it is necessary that its affairs should all radiate from one point, and that it should be under the control, as it now is, of an officer of the General Government. Under any other system it would be liable to disarrangement, and such being our convictions, we regret to observe any movement on the part of its head that is not likely to meet with the approbation of the public. We hope the proposition to raise the present rates of postage, in order to make the establishment self-sustaining, will prove so unpopular that there will be no probability of its being carried through Congress.

The franking privilege is one of great expense to the Department, and although there may be some benefits derived from the exercise of the privilege, still all feel that it is much abused, and that the benefits are in no sense commensurate with the expense, and that it is a distinct interest from the legitimate mail business. Then there are many mail routes through newly settled regions, which, although they may tend to an early settlement of such places, the expense should not be taxed by letter postage. These, and many other considerations, should be attended to, and by cutting off a little here and a little there, where few are benefitted, the Department would sustain itself; but, if after this is done, it is found necessary to raise the postage, then there will be less complaint. At all events, the public have a right to expect that these matters will be attended to, before an attempt shall be made to carry out the high postage theories of the Postmaster General.

It appears that the increase in the consumption of molasses for nine years past, is only about 3 per cent., but the increase of 1858 over 1857 has been very large, viz:—1857, 28,808,-784 gallons; 1858, 45,168,184 gallons. The receipts of foreign molasses in 1858 were 26,-552,064 gallons, while in 1857 they were 26,-498,317; showing that although the receipts of 1858 were about the same as 1857, the consumption has been much greater, and that the deficiency must have been derived from the surplus of 1857; consequently any overstock that may have been on hand must be greatly reduced. What effect this may have on the price of molasses the present year, remains to be seen, but it is certain that a much greater portion of the crop of Louisiana will be taken at the West than last year, in consequence of the high state of the rivers, which will tend to cause a greater consumption of foreign molasses than usual in the Atlantic States, and we should not be surprised if prices ruled higher than they have done heretofore.

The Sorghum, or Chinese Sugar Cane, is, we notice, being extensively cultivated in North and South Carolina, Georgia, Iowa, and some of the other South Western States, for, though the high expectations with regard to the plant, in reference to its sugar properties, have not been realized, yet it has been found to yield a very excellent syrup, in sufficient quantities to justify the attention of agriculturists in those regions, and the effect is to reduce in some degree the demand for common grades Cuba molasses, as well as for syrups, especially in the far West, where, owing to long transportation, the cost is much enhanced. This may have, at no very distant day, an important bearing on the value of molasses.

The first mint in the United States was put in operation in 1793, and from that time until 1857 the whole amount of gold coined was valued at $481,422,676.70; value of silver coinage $107,-327,917.52; value of copper coins, $1,662,825.-56, making the valuation of the whole coinage $590,412,818.78. The whole number of pieces coined in this time was 625,840,498.

There are 40 Medical Schools in the United States, with 4,688 students. Of law schools there are 27, having 922 students.

One of the many grievances which the Creoles of the island of Cuba have to complain of, is the manner in which they are taxed for the necessaries of life. Salt, for instance, which is an article almost as necessary to the human family as water, is monopolized by Government. The privilege is granted to some individual or company, by paying an enormous price, (or conferred as a reward) to supply the inhabitants of the Island. The individual or company has the right to purchase and sell at any price which may be satisfactory to themselves, being governed by their own consciences.

But speaking of salt leads us to say something of this article as connected with our country. Here the facilities are so great for obtaining this article, that it will probably never again bear a higher price than at present, but as new sources are brought out and communication extended, the article will become more plenty, and prices be governed accordingly. From a table recently published, we gather some facts which have not heretofore been presented.

In Massachusetts salt in considerable quantity has been made from sea water. In Kentucky salt springs are found in various parts of the State, and are being worked more extensively each year. Rock salt is mined in Missouri, Utah and California, and it can be made by evaporation from sea water on any part of the coast of the United States, but more especially on the coast of Florida, where the water is much stronger than in any other part of the ocean. It would take about 350 gallons of the water in our bay to make one bushel of salt.

The Great Salt Lake of Utah is probably the strongest and best brine fountain in the world, as Capt. Stanbury says he saw millions of bushels of crystalized salt on its western borders, and that he used the water of the Lake for the purpose of curing beef. In Texas a singular salt pond has been found, some 35 acres in extent, in which the salt is crystalized over the bottom of the pond to an unknown depth, with brine over it to the depth of one and a half feet. Besides the places we have before named, salt is manufactured in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia and New York, the latter state being the largest manufacturer. There was manufactured at the Onondaga salt springs in 1798, 57,928 bushels; in 1808, 319,618 bushels; in 1818, 406,540 bushels; in 1828, 1,160,888 bushels; in 1838, 2,575,033 bushels; in 1848, 4,737,126 bushels, and in 1856, 5,966,810 bushels.

William R. Watson, Esq., who fills the office of State Auditor so acceptably, has made his semi-annual report. He says he has carefully examined the books and accounts of the General Treasurer for the six months of the last fiscal year, from April 30 to October 31, 1858, and found his books in good order and accurately kept, his accounts correctly stated, and the charges therein supported by proper and sufficient vouchers.

The amount of the Touro Jewish Synagogue Fund in October was $17,488 91.

Since the 30th of April he has audited notes upon the General Treasurer to the amount of $134,190 64. With the reduction of the now unnecessarily large amount of court expenses, which for the last fiscal year amounted to about $43,800, he thinks the present receipts would pay the State expenses. He recommends that the public deposit fund, amounting to $386,-611 33, be transferred to the public school fund, which is $73,894 38. He is in favor of granting but one trial in all civil causes where there are not sufficient grounds, in the opinion of the Court, to warrant the granting of a new or second trial.

Since the semi-monthly returns of the Banks have been published, they have increased their circulation more than a million of dollars, which it is fair to presume is in consequence of the public being familiar with the soundness of the institutions.

It is gratifying and instructive to contemplate the progress that has been made in this country towards the production of articles used for necessity and ornament. Some who are now living can remember when nearly all these articles were imported from Europe, when even the most necessary articles of wearing apparel, tools for the mechanic, cooking utensils, and, in fact, nearly everything, was of foreign manufacture, the natural result of which was that we were enriching the foreigner and depriving our own people of the capital which should be kept for the improvement of our own country. We are, however, relieved of these disabilities in a great measure, but there is still many articles for which we are now dependant on other nations, but which will be produced here after a while, as we grow older and stronger. Until then we must protect our own manufactures, and we of the North, and a great portion of the American people, are in favor of a permanent adjustment of the tariff on a basis which will tend to assist, rather than depress, the industry of our citizens.

Lieutenant Thomas Brownell has shown us some interesting relics, being no less than a piece of timber from Perry's flag-ship, the *Lawrence*, and spikes from Barclay's flag-ship *Detroit*, and from the ship *Caledonia*, which was commanded by Capt. Daniel Turner during the memorable battle of the 10th of September, 1813. The *Lawrence* was scuttled after the battle, and has remained food for the worms until recently, when she was raised and her hull converted into canes, snuff-boxes, &c., to be disposed of as mementoes which will be handed down from generation to generation, thus keeping in remembrance one of the most brilliant and hard fought battles between the British and American navies.

The annual meeting of the corporation of the Butler Hospital for the insane was held at Providence on Wednesday last, and the following officers elected:—

President—Alexander Duncan.
Vice President—William S. Wetmore.
Trustees—John C. Brown, Amasa Manton, Francis Wayland, Amos D. Smith, Samuel B. Tobey, Jabez C. Knight, John Kingsbury, Samuel G. Arnold, Rufus Waterman, William Sprague.
Treasurer—Thomas P. Ives.
Secretary—Robert H. Ives.

We have noticed in our exchanges the frequent "surprises" which clergymen in different parts of the country have experienced, but not until within a few days did we suppose an editor could be surprised. Such, however, is the fact, for the editor of the Provincetown *Banner* was surprised one evening last week by a visit of several hundred persons, who left behind them a number of presents for himself and his better half, together with a sum of money. A pleasant time was enjoyed.

There is not much prospect of the three million Cuba bill passing either branch of Congress. However much the annexation of Cuba may be desired, we presume the country is hardly ready for an issue so intimately affecting its commercial, financial, political and social interests as this question.

The machine shop at the south part of Thames street, part of the property belonging to the Newport Steam Mill Company, has been sold to Messrs. Mason & Bradford, for $4,-250, by Seth W. Macy, Esq., Assignee.

A large proportion of tea drinkers, when sipping their delicious beverage, suppose they are using a decoction of the simple and unadulterated leaves, and it would be almost impossible to convince them that they are using various mixtures which are poisonous, especially if colored tea is their drink, for we read that in the manufacture of the colored teas, the coloring is done under the immediate supervision of the superintendent. Having procured the necessary quantity of Prussian Blue, it is crushed in a porcelain bowl to a very fine powder. In the pans in which the tea is roasted is a quantity of Gypsum, (Plaster of Paris) which becomes soft and easily pulverized. The powders are then mixed in the proportion of four of Gypsum to three of Prussian Blue, which forms a light blue powder, which is used during the last process of roasting. About five minutes before the tea is removed from the pans, a portion of the powder is scattered over it, the workmen briskly turning the leaves with both hands, in order that the coloring matter may be equally diffused. The Chinaman, when asked his motive for dyeing the tea, and whether it would not be better in its natural color, freely acknowledges it would be, but the coloring ingredients are cheap and it makes the tea more sightly, thus commanding a more ready sale to the "barbarians." The tea which is used in China is never colored, and tea drinkers should guard against using the tea which has a dingy blueish color, as it cannot be otherwise than deleterious to health.

When the leaves which are intended for the natural green teas have been gathered, they are spread out thinly over trays, where they remain for a few hours, if the weather be favorable for drying. They are then transferred to the roasting pans and briskly shaken with both hands; soon becoming quite soft and moist and emitting considerable vapor. In this state they remain four or five minutes, when they are drawn out and placed on the rolling mill. Several men are here employed, each taking as many as he can press with his hands, and rolls them into a ball, which process is continued until the moisture is extracted and the leaves twisted. The ball is then shaken out and the leaves placed on trays when they are again removed to the roasting pans, under which is a slow fire. Here they are kept in rapid motion for more than one hour, both hands of the operator being employed. The tea is now of a dull green, which will become brighter by the time it is brought into the market; this is the unadulterated green tea.

Black Tea is prepared in a different manner altogether. The leaves are allowed to lie some time in the factory, being tossed about occasionally until they become soft, and then left in heaps until ready for roasting. After being roasted a few minutes and rolled, they are exposed for several hours to the air and then dried over a charcoal fire, which material is used in all the operations of drying tea.

The process of the manufacture of the three kinds of tea is therefore as different as is the color, hence the difference in the flavor and effects produced on some constitutions by their use.

In another column may be found a description of the Winans steamer and an account of her trial trip. What use she is to be put to we have not learned, but a correspondent of the *Scientific American* has advanced a capital idea. He refers to the possibility of making such a vessel a means of naval defence, by attacking and sinking an enemy's ship. He says:—"Imagine a war between this country and France, and the port of Baltimore blockaded by a large fleet of frigates; the time 2 o'clock A. M., on a dark morning. Suddenly the watch on the outside of the frigate hear a most energetic snorting, which rapidly approaches. He little heeds it at first, supposing it to be merely a ferry-boat, but the alarm becomes general when an attacking vessel rushes like a tornado on the enemy; she strikes, and makes a hole as large as a hogshead. What consternation, as the frigate rapidly fills and sinks! No idea would arise of pursuing the little wasp that had stung the lion fatally; self-preservation would be the only thought, and probably few on board a ship so attacked would survive. The said little wasp, rapidly backing off, could attack and sink a dozen vessels in an hour, the crews of which would be paralyzed with fear, at the terrible energy of the attack, and imminent risk of all their lives at once."

The first agricultural association which was formed in this country was known as "The Philadelphia Society for promoting Agriculture," established in 1785. Premiums were awarded for the improvement of certain articles of domestic manufacture, and a Mr. Matthewson, of Rhode Island, received a gold medal for the best sample and greatest quantity of cheese exhibited. The first cattle show held in this country was held in Pittsfield, Mass., in October, 1810, and from this era sprang the system of agricultural societies and shows, as they exist at present, in most part of the United States.

By the report of the Commissioner of Narragansett Indians, which was presented to the Legislature last Monday, we learn there are at present in this State 122 persons who claim Indian descent. They own 1808 acres of land, of which only 384 are suitable for agricultural purposes. The Commissioner says that the tribes are evidently becoming more industrious, sober and moral; and in education the pupils of the schools are making fair progress.

Rev. Mr. Brown will lecture on Monday evening at the Music Hall, and on the same evening Rev. E. A. Lyon will lecture at Hercules Hall. On Thursday evening following George D. Brewerton, Esq., will read selections from several well known authors before the same Company.

In 1855, according to an estimate made by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, there was within the limits of the United States four millions, seven hundred and sixty-four Indians, so that there are a few more left to be hunted down as "civilization" progresses.

Mr. James Hammond announces in our advertising columns that he will once more offer his entire stock at auction prices, which the ladies know is much less than the usual prices.—So all you who have the ready cash can invest and make a great saving.

There are in the United States one hundred and twenty-two colleges, having 13,283 students and 1,014,380 volumes in their libraries, the Harvard library being the largest, 123,400.

In 1790 the whole population of the United States was 3,929,872, and in 1850 it was 23,-191,876. Number of slaves in 1790,—697,897, and in 1850,—3,204,313.

General Robles is the present ruler of Mexico, and this makes the fifty-fourth change of government Mexico has experienced in thirty-seven years.

The Providence Light Infantry have made a donation of one hundred dollars in aid of the Mount Vernon Fund.

The Mill Street Church will be opened for service to-morrow evening.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

We have read the letter of Thomas R. Hazard, Esq., addressed to Robert P. Ives, Esq., in regard to the case which has been before the public for some time, and is now presented to the General Assembly asking to set the decision of the Court of Equity aside and grant a jury trial of the case Ives vs. Hazard, and we must confess that if Mr. Hazard is a monomaniac, (as has been previously charged by Mr. Ives) the disease has not prevented him from presenting some points in corroboration of his views which have the appearance of injustice and deception on the part of the person addressed. As the case now stands before the world, many of the most respectable and influential citizens of the State are involved—men whose characters ought to stand above reproach, who are accused of that which, if it be possible, they should be either proved guilty of, or innocent, and for the honor of our State we hope this matter will be cleared up and the mist which now surrounds it be dispelled, either by the General Assembly or by any other means which may be available for that purpose.

The American Almanac for 1859.—This is a very useful manual for all classes, presenting much useful knowledge which is interesting to the merchant, and other business men. We know of no other publication which furnishes such full details respecting the executive and judiciary of the several States and of the nation, including finances, schools, charitable institutions, pauperism and crime, bills and enactments of the public laws, lists of Ministers, Consuls, Postage rates, population of the several States, together with the royal family, ministry and judiciary of England, and the ministry of France. Prof. Bond has charge of the Astronomical department and has presented a vast amount of useful information. Crosby & Nichols, Boston, publishers. For sale by Ward.

Challen's Illustrated Monthly.—The January number of this magazine has been sent to us. At first we supposed it to be a new work, but on examination we find this the first of the eighth volume. It is published in Philadelphia, and is supplied to subscribers at the very reasonable rate of one dollar per annum. Its table of contents is made up of a variety of entertaining matter. Its opening paper is on the life and character of Elizabeth Fry, the next is on the habits of the German Farmers in Pennsylvania, and there are also some excellent tales and sketches. S. Clough, Providence, agent for this State.

Godey's Lady's Book, for February, is issued, and the reader will find it carefully got up and equal to the standard long since set up by the publisher. The illustrations are numerous, and "Miss Slimmens" is continued.

Congress.—In the Senate Friday, a resolution was introduced for the transportation of the mails between New York and Liverpool and between New York and Bremen and Havre via Southampton. The private calendar was taken up.

In the House Mr. Farnsworth of Illinois, failed to obtain leave to introduce a resolution contemplating the annexation of the British Provinces. Several private bills were passed.

The Senate was not in session on Saturday.

The House had a spirited discussion on an attempt of Mr. Morris of Pennsylvania, to read resolutions of the Pennsylvania Legislature in favor of modifications of the tariff, many Southern men objecting. The resolutions were finally read, and then laid on the table and ordered to be printed. A resolution was adopted, calling on the President for information concerning the importation of slaves into Georgia and elsewhere. The bill to indemnify the citizens of Alabama and Georgia for losses by Creek hostilities was rejected. The private calender was taken up.

In the Senate on Monday, Mr. Slidell, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, made a long report on the Thirty Million bill for Cuba, recommending the purchase of that island immediately, as "a measure of economy, before the "price be raised." Mr. Seward, representing the minority of the Committee, introduced a bill requesting the President to transmit to Congress, at the commencement of the next session, a statement of the then relations between this country and Spain, and of the condition of the Treasury and the Army and Navy. The Senate adjourned without taking any action.

The House passed a bill appropriating $10,000 to the payment of witnesses before Investigating Committees. The residue of the morning session was devoted to the consideration, in Committee, of the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, but no action was taken.—Mr. Branch of North Carolina, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, reported the Thirty Million Cuba bill.

On Tuesday, certain Senators manifested some discomfort, in relation to certain newspaper reports of the disgraceful scenes in the executive session of Friday, but as nobody seemed to know what should be done about it, nothing was done. The correspondence of Mr. John Nugent, special agent at Vancouver's Island was called for.—Then followed debate on the Pacific Railroad Bill, after which the Senate adjourned. The House tabled the Butterfield memorial for a line of steamers between Central American and Mexican ports. Memorials in favor of sundry lines to South American and West Indian ports were served the same way. The rest of the day was devoted to the Consular and Diplomatic Bill.—An amendment appropriating $7,500 for the (Townsend Harris) Japan mission, was adopted, not till after sharp opposition.

In the Senate Wednesday, the credentials of Mr. Fessenden, Senator from Maine for six years from the fourth of March next, were presented. A motion to admit the contesting Senator from Indiana was laid on the table.—The Pacific Railroad bill was taken up. All the amendments were disposed of, and a motion to lay the bill on the table was lost, 21 to 26.

In the House, a bill and a substitute were presented for transporting the mails to the Pacific coast. The homestead bill was introduced. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Consular and Diplomatic appropriation bill.

On Thursday, the Senate disposed of the Pacific Railroad bill by authorizing and inviting proposals for the construction of said railroad on three separate routes, and appropriating $3000 for the expense.

The House quarrelled all day.

The President has communicated to the Senate a long list of outstanding claims held by our citizens on foreign nations. Nearly all the world seems to be in debt to us. Wm. Webster has a claim on England of $6,300,000 for lands seized from him in New Zealand, and various others on the same government. Against Russia there are claims of $400,000, against France some $300,000, against Spain some 100 cases, and against Mexico, Portugal, Holland, Denmark, Prussia, Rome, Turkey, Naples, Sardinia, China, Hayti, Nicaragua, Costa Rica, San Salvador and nearly all the Central and South American States demands exist.

Cruel Injustice.—The statement in the papers in regard to the transmission of the body of the grandchild of the Hon. Zadock Pratt, from Prattsville to New Haven, we have the best reasons for believing is a fabrication from beginning to end. What motive could have prompted any one to originate such a story is beyond conjecture. We have, however, the best possible evidence of its falsity, and deeply regret that any such statement should have appeared in any of the papers of the city. It has, of course, deeply pained those who were wholly incapable of any such neglect of paternal duty. —*N. Y. Express.*

The bids for the remaining Ten Millions of the government were opened at Washington on Monday. Bids were received from 44 parties, chiefly in New York, and the rates varying from three, four to five per cent. Six millions is awarded to bidders of 2 1-2 per cent. premium and over, and the remainder, four millions, is distributed among the bidders of from 2 to 2 1-2 per cent. Among the successful bidders the Ætna Ins. Co., Hartford, takes $100,000. The whole amount of bids exceeded Thirty-one Millions.

A Surprising Cane.—On Saturday evening, the Rev. Dr. Bangs, Methodist, was surprised at his residence, in Irving place, New York, by a visit from the members of his church, who presented him with a beautiful cane, within which were ingeniously stowed four hundred $3 gold pieces.

Galgani says that upward of 5,000 persons paid their respects to the Emperor and Empress, at the Tuilleries on New Year's day.

The number of free letters mailed at the Washington Post Office for the quarter ending Dec. 31, 1858 was 692,137.

Fifty thousand gallons of wine were made in the State of Connecticut last year.

The Peninsular Correspondence says—the message of the President of the United States does not appear to have occasioned any kind of alarm in the Spanish public, the newspaper guides of whom persist in considering it as an issue of political capital in paper. The only journals which have expressed their indignation in good set terms are the Monarquia and Fenix. The latter has the following observation on the isle of Cuba:—

When the greedy hands of the North American Union are ready to be stretched out toward our precious Antilles, which is nearly all that remains to us of the Spanish Empire in the new world; when the United States are openly seeking to add, at our expense, one more star to those with which their flag is studded, it will not be inexpedient to look back upon the Spain of our forefathers, when it occupied the eighth part of the known world, when its inhabitants were 70,000,000, and its dimensions comprised a space of 800,000 square miles. Of these vast territories more than two-thirds have been lost; can we permit another jewel to be snatched from the splendid crown of two worlds? In 1565 we gave up the Isle of Malta to the order of St. John. In 1620 the lower Navarre and Bearne were yielded to France, and in 1649 the Rousselon. In 1640 we lost Portugal and her colonies. In 1648 we recognized the sovereignity of the Netherlands. In 1626 the English wrested the Barbadoes from us, in 1655 Jamaica, in 1704 Gibraltar, in 1718 the Luccas, in 1759 Dominica, and in 1797 Trinidad.

In the seventeenth century France took possession of Martinico, New Granada, Guadaloupe, and the half of the Isle of San Domingo, and in 1800 Louisiana. In the eighteenth century we yielded up Sardinia to the Duke of Savoy, and to Morocco our rights on Mazalquiver and Oran. We ceded Parma, Placencia and Lucca, with other dominions in the North of Italy, to princes of the house of Bourbon, and in 1750 Naples and Sicily were emancipated from Spanish Government. In 1819 we sold Florida to the United States; in 1821 we lost our half of the isle of San Domingo, and before 1825 all the vast continent which our glorious ancestors had aquired was lost to us forever.

Of all this immense power, we have, as a remembrance of the past, the isles of Cuba and Porto Rico, the distant Phillippines, and our African possessions.

Postal Stamps—Stamps Issued.—The Chronometer precision and beautiful operations of the stamp and envelope bureau of the finance division, General Post office, was some weeks since referred to. From this important branch of the government 28,000 post offices are kept in regular supply of those little "shibboleths" which so conveniently pass letter correspondence of every kind through the complex and almost interminable web of our great postal system. From the returns of another quarter ending 31st of December last, we notice the extent and increase of this business, under the experienced and efficient chief of the division, as also his assistants.

During the fourth quarter of 1858 there were issued 1 cent stamps 9,583,800; 3 cent stamps 34,611,900; 5 cent stamps 117,180; 10 cent stamps 828,820; 12 cent stamps 369,950—45,-511,650. Deduct 100,000 one cent stamps and 800 five cent stamps, 100,800—actual amount issued 45,410,850. Cost to Department $8,173,-95, at 18 cents per 1,000.

In addition to the above, the following envelopes were transmitted to the orders of Postmasters all over the country: Note size, 3 cent 271,700; letter size, 3 cent 6,829,350; letter size, 10 cent, 74,600; official 5,000—total 7,180,-650.

Stamps returned and lost during the year commencing 1st July, 1857, and ending June 30, 1858: Third quarter, 1857, $11,276.41; fourth quarter, 1857, $2,063.98; first quarter, 1858, $13,124.34; second quarter, 1858, $1,834,-69. Envelopes—For the third quarter, 1857, $993,98; 4th quarter 1857, $995,63; first quarter 1858, $4,79,95; second quarter 1858, 4,157,39.

Since the opening of the new year the demand for stamps and envelopes has increased beyond all precedence. The requisition thus far have kept the entire force of the office at constant labor.

A Successful Insurance Company.—The Atlantic Mutual Insurance Company of New York has declared a dividend of forty per cent. for the year ending 31st December, for which certificates will be issued on the 1st of February next. Six per cent. interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid on and after Tuesday, the first day of February next and after reserving over two million dollars of profits, the outstanding certificates of the issue of 1856 and of 1857 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the first day of February next. The premiums marked off during the year amount to $3,494,614. The losses, returned premiums, &c., were $2,094,561. The assets of the company amount to $5,282,167. The total profits of the company for sixteen and a half years have been $9,015,310.

Sending Newspapers and Pamphlets to Europe.—Persons who send newspapers and pamphlets to Europe should be careful not to enclose them in wrappers, as it subjects them to letter postage, generally so high that the papers are refused by persons to whom they are directed. A gentleman just returned from England informs the Philadelphia Ledger that he saw baskets of American newspapers and pamphlets in one of the English post-offices which had been thrown aside on this account.—If the newspapers are tied around with a piece of twine or cord they will go as well as if in a wrapper, and the postage is then the ordinary price for newspapers. The fact that many newspapers and pamphlets fail to reach persons in England and France, to whom they are directed, may be accounted for in this way.

The Oregon War Frauds.—The grossest frauds, in connection with the Oregon and Washington war debt, have been brought to light by the House Committee on Military affairs, through the efforts of Mr. Faulkner of Virginia, the chairman. The whole debt as reported by the government agent is about $6,000,000, of which the committee assert that not more than about one million is justly due. Some of the charges by which this difference is made are most outrageous. Pistols are charged at $35 each; muskets at $125; oats at $5 a bushel; hay at $120 a ton, and other things in proportion.

The anniversary of Burns' birth day was celebrated in Boston, New York, Providence and other places on Tuesday last. In New York H. W. Beecher delivered an oration on the poet. In Boston there were two celebrations, one at the Parker House, where speeches were made by Emerson, Gov. Banks, N. P. Willis and others, and poems contributed by Holmes, Lowell and Whittier, and another at the Revere House of a more private and select character. In Providence Mayor Rodman delivered an address on Burns.

The New Bedford Mercury says one of the most reliable merchants of that city estimates that the fleet of whale ships to arrive the present year, will result in a loss to their owners of a sum not varying but little from one million!—This enormous loss is attributed to various causes—the ill success of the fleet, the fall in the price of oil, the extravagance of fitting, and the bad management of masters in the refitting of ships, principally at the Sandwich Islands.

Presentation.—Thursday evening Capt. Nathan Barker, Chief of the night Watch, was presented by Joseph L. Silvia, in behalf of the Watch for 1858 who are the Watch for 1859, with a beautiful gold watch chain valued at $20. Capt. Barker has attached it to a gold watch presented to him several years since by the members of Engine Company No. 6, of which he was captain.—*N. B. Standard.*

The introduction of crinoline has had a disastrous effect on the starch trade. A starch factory in Buffalo, recently put in operation, with a capital of $80,000, finds no demand for its manufactures, and factories at Oswego and other places have been compelled greatly to reduce their operations.

There is a gentleman in New Orleans, a merchant and a planter, and we regret to add a bachelor, whose income this year will reach the handsome sum of five hundred thousand dollars, who twenty-five years ago, was a clerk with a salary of fifty dollars a month.

It is said that a roasted onion bound upon the wrist, on the pulse, will stop the most inveterate toothache in a very few minutes. Worth trying.

Trial Trip of the Winan's Steamship.—On Thursday last, the new iron steamer built by the Messrs. Winans of Baltimore, made a short excursion of four or five hours with a small party on board. The performance of this marine novelty is represented by the Baltimore papers as having been entirely satisfactory.—Though but half the steam power was applied to the engine, she made twelve to fourteen miles an hour. The points of the bow and stern barely touched the water, and the even progress of the vessel caused no commotion of the waves, but left a smooth wave like a groove. The ventilation below deck was perfectly preserved during the running of the machinery, and at no time did the thermometer rise above 65° Farenheit.—This steamship is a novelty in mechanics, in several respects. In shape it resembles two cones put together at the larger end, or, to use the N. Y. Post's illustration, it is like an immense well-rounded and sharp-pointed segar. It has no deck, no masts, no bulwarks, and is, in fact, all surface. It is supposed that the adoption of this form will quicken the speed, prevent the shipping of seas and the danger of capsizing, and give greater facility of movement in rough weather. The propelling wheel, which is a compound of the paddle and the screw, is driven by four distinct engines, supplied with steam by two seperate boilers situated in different ends of the vessel. Two of the four engines are coupled on to one end of the propelling shaft, and two of them on to the other; so that one or more of the engines can be detatched without interfering with the working of the others. The arrangement is such that if the crank pin or journal of the shaft should give way on one end, the vessel can be propelled with good effect by the engines which gear on to the other end. The propelling wheel is better shielded from injury than either the ordinary screw-propellor or the side paddle wheel, and is, from its make, less liable to damage. Furnished, at the same time, with a rudder at each end, it will go backwards or forwards with equal ease.

Army Intelligence.—A bill is now before Congress, which provides for the appointment of ten Brigadier Generals, three of whom shall fill the respective offices of Adjutant General, Quartermaster General and Inspector General. The staff of the Adjutant General to consist of one Assistant Adjutant General ranking as Colonel, 8 Assistant Adjutant Generals ranking as Majors, and one judge advocate ranking as Major, that the staff of the subsistence department shall consist of one Commissary General, with one assistant and six commissaries of the higher grades; that the Quartermaster's staff shall consist of one Quartermaster, one assistant, one deputy, eight Quartermasters, and the present number of storekeepers. That officers, as the service requires, may be selected from the first Lieutenants of the Regiments, but not exceeding four for that office of Assistant Adjutant General, Assistant Commissary of Subsistence, and twenty as Assistant Quartermaster Generals.

The bill further provides the appointment of one Brigadier General to the Engineer Corps, for the discontinuance of the Corps of Topographical Engineers, the officer of which shall be transferred to the Engineer Corps, which will be commanded by one Brigadier-General, two Colonels, two Lieutenant Colonels, eight Majors, twenty Captains, &c.

All vacancies to be filled from the Army.

The Ordinance corps will hereafter consist of one Colonel, two Lt. Colonels, six Majors, two Captains, &c., which are to be replaced in the same manner as in the Engineer corps.

Louis Napoleon, according to the gossips, may possibly become embroiled with Austria.—The difficulty between these old fogy governments lies in the Italian question. Both covetous of their neighbors' possessions they are seeking to better their position in the sunny climes of Italia. Napoleon III. now is the ruler of Rome, temporarily. At home he is becoming gradually unpopular, and he feels the need of making some diversion to draw away the attention of the French people from the fact that he is the usurper of the French throne.

In Servia there is also ground for apprehension, the Christian element of the population being greatly in the majority and having resolved to put down the Mussulman party.—Turkey in Europe may now be considered upon its last legs. Whether the rumors from Italy, which are increasing strength, that all the signs point to revolution are merely got up for outside effect, the present winter must decide, the people there being too lazy to revolutionise in warm weather.

Paraguay, Buenos Ayres and Brazil.—River Plate journals to the 30th November have been received via England. The St. Lawrence, Falmouth, Perry and Bainbridge, the advance of the Paraguay expedition, were at anchor at Montevideo. It was rumored in Montevideo that a secret treaty had been entered into between the United States and Buenos Ayres, by which the latter was to cede to the former a piece of territory as a depot. On the other hand, a confederation is advised between Brazil, Bolivia, Chili, Paraguay, &c., to neutralize the influence of the United States. Brazil has sent a squadron of observation to watch the U. S. fleet. The Oriental State and the Argentine Confederation have tendered their mediation between the United States and Paraguay.

An official decree in the *Moniteur* declares that the Cathedral of St. Denis is to be hereafter the burial place of the Emperors of France, and thus at last this long debated question is settled. The Prince Jerome, guardian of the body of his brother, the first Emperor, at the Invalides, held out to the last against the change, but he only obtained this concession that the heart might be retained in the magnificent sarcophagus of the Invalides, while the body will go to St. Denis. At the same time the decree creates a chapter of St. Denis, of which the almoner of the Tuilleries is to be the head. The legitimists do not relish this decision.

The Winter of 763-'64 is stated to have been the most severe upon record. It commenced about the 1st of October and lasted till February. The Euxine Sea was frozen to the distance of one hundred miles from the shore, and the snow and ice accumulated to the depth of thirty cubits. In this cold the animal and vegetable kingdoms suffered great injury. On the breaking up of Winter, the ice from the Danube and the Euxine, was forced in huge masses into the Bosphorous and against the walls of Constantinople, which were greatly damaged.

What a Report of a Bank Failure will Do.—The Observer says that a "bet was made at Albany on Wednesday, that of a large crowd of applicants for relief, at the office of the Overseer of the Poor, at least half a dozen had money in the Savings Bank; and to test the matter a report was circulated that the Commercial Savings Bank had failed. In an instant, thirteen of the beggars were rushing madly for the bank, in order to save their money from the wreck."

Mr. Douglas, in the course of debate on Monday afternoon, upon the character of some of Mr. Buchanan's appointees, in the Senate, in executive session, on Friday last, stated that of fifty thousand documents which he sent to his constituents, not one ever reached its destination! He said, further, that he would give $100 for every copy that could be shown to have been delivered.

The City of Churches.—We often hear of this and that City of Churches, but we think the term is more applicable to Baltimore than to any other within our knowledge. The population of Baltimore, the American of that city puts down at 235,000, while the number of church edifices is 150.

The Cincinnati Gazette states that one of the physicians of that city has a patient afflicted with the "blue line" on the gums, and "blue face," which were caused by the use of hair dyes, having for their basis sugar of lead and nitrate of silver.

Gould's steam carriage, invented originally to draw plows on western praries, has been recently tried on ordinary wagon roads with complete success. The inventor is a resident of New Haven, Conn.

The Emperor of Morocco has just made a present to Queen Victoria, consisting, among other things, of one lion, one panther, eight horses, and nine ostriches.

A house belonging to Gov. Harris, in Harrisville, R. I., took fire on Saturday evening and was nearly destroyed. Loss about $500.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

MONDAY, Jan. 24.

Senate.—Mr. Eames submitted an act in amendment of chapter 273, entitled 'an act relative to Banks and Institutions of Savings,' and in repeal of Title XIX., chapter 226 of the Revised Statutes; passed.

A communication was received from the Governor, transmitting the following: Letter from J. H. Martin, relative to weights and measures; Report of the commissioner of the Narragansett Indians; Report of the Adjutant General of the Militia; Report of the commissioners on the Mount Vernon Bank; Resolution from South Carolina, approving the present light house system; which were severally referred to committees or ordered to be communicated to the House of Representatives.

Adjourned.

House.—Mr. Sheffield of Newport presented the petition of George Pearce and others for an act of incorporation under the name of Bristol Ferry Steamboat Company; which was received and referred to committee on corporations.

Resolution instructing the committee on the Judiciary to enquire into the expediency of making certain amendments to the election law; passed.

Mr. Dexter Clarke of Cumberland submitted a resolution instructing the committee on the judiciary to report forthwith upon the memorial of George H. Calvert and others in relation to the equity powers of the Supreme Court: which was read and passed, after having been supported by Mr. VanZandt of Newport (Mr. Greene of Providence in the chair.)

Mr. VanZandt of Newport gave notice that he should, on some subsequent day of the session, ask leave to introduce a bill declaratory of the powers of the General Assembly, embodying the doctrines of a report made to the House in May last, and a bill in relation to holidays.

An act came down from the Senate amending the chapters of the Revised Statutes in relation to proceedings granting injunctions against banks so managing their affairs as to endanger the public interest; which was passed in concurrence. Adjourned.

TUESDAY, Jan. 25.

Senate.—Mr. Knowles presented the petition of Henry Allen Wright, for leave to adopt a child, which was referred to the committee on the Judiciary.

Upon motion of Mr. Knowles, the report of the Special Committee on alterations of Newport Jail was taken from the docket of unfinished business and referred to Committee on State Property.

His excellency Gov. Dyer, presented the fourteenth annual report of the Commissioner of Public Schools, which was read and referred to Committee on Education. The report alludes to the condition of the school districts and school houses of the State, nearly every one of which has been visited during the year by the Commissioner; commends the Normal School under its present excellent management to the fostering care of the Legislature; and recommends Legislative aid to the Rhode Island Schoolmaster, a monthly educational journal.

Mr. Thurston offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a joint select committee, to which should be referred the Executive communication in relation to the Indian tribe, and the accompanying papers, with instructions to enquire into the matter, and report such action as they might deem expedient.

After the remarks by Messrs. Updike, Foster and the mover, the resolution was adopted, and Messrs. Thurston, Updike and Sweet were appointed the committee on the part of the Senate.

The Senate then adjourned.

House.—Mr. Speaker VanZandt in the chair, Mr. Sheffield of the Judiciary Committee, reported without objection an act in addition to chapter 164 of the Revised Laws, of the Judiciary and its officers—providing that the Supreme Court shall not exercise equity jurisdiction in any case where the parties have a remedy under the common or statuatory law. The bill was allowed to lie on the table for the present.

Mr. Peckham presented the petition of Charles Devens and others, in relation to the Merchant's bank, which was read and on motion of Mr. Sheffield, referred to a select committee. The petitioners, who represent certain Newport Banks which are stockholders in the Bank of Mutual Redemption lately organized in Massachusetts, set forth that they are subjected to certain malicious annoyances by the Merchant's Bank with which they formerly transacted business, and ask that the Assembly will prescribe penalties for these malicious annoyances.—Messrs. Hidden, Bush of Newport, and Smith of Cumberland, constitute the Committee.

Mr. Clarke presented the petition of Charles T. Hazard vs. Robert H. Ives, and petition of Mumford Hazard vs. Robert H. Ives. They were read and referred (Mr. Hayes in the chair) to a select committee consisting of Mr. VanZandt, Lawton, Gould, Saunders and Pirce.

The House then adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 26.

Senate.—Petition of Albert and Betsey Rogers for adoption of child passed in concurrence.

An act in relation to the arrangement and passage of public laws; passed.

The Secretary of State presented the fifth annual report of the registration of births, marriages and deaths; which was read and ordered to be communicated to the House.

The Secretary of State also presented a report on the progress made by him towards the arrangement and preservation of the public archieves; which was read and referred to committee on Finance.

Adjourned.

House.—Mr. Hayes of Providence submitted a resolution instructing the Committee on Finance to inquire into the expediency of so amending the law in relation to banks and institutions for savings as to require them to make annual instead of semi annual returns; which was read and passed.

Mr. Sheffield of Newport gave notice that he should, on some subsequent day, ask leave to introduce a bill in realtion to poor debtors.

The annual report of the Providence and Worcester Railroad, and the annual report of the Providence, Warren and Bristol Rail Road, were read and referred to committee on Finance. The receipts of the last road were $23,005,67, and the expenses $21,727,88.

The act in relation to equity powers of the Supreme Court, reported yesterday, was on motion of Mr. VanZandt of Newport, [Mr. Sanford of Providence in the chair] referred to the Select Committee to which were referred the memorials of Charles T. Hazard and Mumford Hazard.

Mr. VanZandt of Newport, pursuant to previous notice, introduced a bill defining the equity powers of the Supreme Court; which was read twice, and referred to the special Hazard Committee, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. VanZandt submitted the following resolution which was read and referred to special Hazard committee:

Resolved, That in assuming jurisdiction in the case of Robert H. Ives vs. Charles T. Hazard, upon which a decree was issued by the Supreme Court at its September term, 1856, that said court exceeded the authority conferred upon it by the General Assembly, and that the equity proceedings in said case should be wholly amended, revoked and annulled, and the complainant left to seek his remedy before a Court of common law, in conformity with the requirements of the constitution and laws of this State.

Mr. Howland of Providence presented the petition of George T. Downing of Newport, for an appropriation to educate his children; which was read, received and referred to a select committee, consisting of Messrs. Howland of Providence, Newell of Smithfield and Bush of Newport. Adjourned.

THURSDAY, Jan. 27.

Senate.—A resolution was adopted authorizing the Secretary of State to continue his labors in the preservation and arrangement of the public archives, and making an appropriation therefor.

Wm. P. Salsbury was allowed to adopt child.

House.—Resolution allowing N. B. Bowen to adopt child was passed.

The act to incorporate Bristol Ferry Steamboat Company was passed.

The charters of Bristol Fire Arms Company and Bank of America were amended.

The memorial of George H. Calvert and others in relation to the Supreme Court; the petition of Charles T. Hazard for a new trial by jury; were taken from the Committee on the Judiciary, and referred to the special committee on those subjects.

Liberal Offer.—A Boston gentleman has offered to contribute $50,000 to preserve and increase the museum of Professor Agassiz, of Harvard College.

...duke Maxamillian d'Este, who is ...ge, has been attacked by the mea-... German paper.

• • •

...oritatively stated that the difference ...ain and Mexico has been settled.

CITY CLERK'S OFFICE, Newport, January 1859.

...n the city of Newport as reported ...th of December, 1858:

...ber, -	9		
...e.		*Condition.*	
-	5	Married, - -	2
-	4	Single, - -	5
		Widow, - -	1
...lor.		Widower - -	1
-	8		
-	1	*Ages.*	
...ivity.		1 year, and	
...S. -	7	Under 5	3
-	1	5 under 10	1
-	1	10 under 20	1
		60 under 70	3
		70 under 80	1
...ntage.			
	7		
	1	*Causes of Death.*	
	1	Consumption, -	2
...ality.		Epilepsy, -	1
-	1	Hydrocephalus, -	1
-	1	Inflamation Paritoneal	1
-	2	Liver Disease, -	1
-	3	Paralysis, -	1
-	1	Teething, -	1
...n, -	1	Not Reported, -	1

...tion to the above 1 male, American ...Still Born.

B. B. HOWLAND, City Clerk.

NEW YORK MARKET.

...e and Western firmer; unsound $3 00 a ...ine State $5 15 a 5 50; extra State 5 80 a 6; 6 00 ...hoop Ohio; common to good extra Western ... Southern firmer, mixed to good $5 30 a 5 50 ...xtra $6 10 a 7 75; Canadian superfine nominal, ...30 a 7. Wheat firmer, Spring Chicago 90 for ...Mixed Western $1 25; White Michigan $1 45 a ...a white Kentucky $1 70. Corn firm; mixed ...1 81 a 83 1 2; new yellow 80 a 81c. Oats lower; ...nd Jersey 50 a 54c; Northern and Western ...ials. Provisions—Beef steady; country mess ...prime 6 50 a 7 00; repacked Chicago $8 50 ...Pork firmer,—mess $17 62 for old; prime $13 50 a ...essed hogs 7 a 8c; Hams 8 3-4 a 9 1-2; Shoul-...4 a 6 1-2c. Butter steady; Ohio 11 a 20c; ...Lard kegs 14 1 8c; barrels 11 7-8 a 12 1-4. ...Rice at 3 50 a 4. Sugars New Orleans 7 1-4 a ...scovado 7 1-2c. Coffee firm; Rio 9 3 4 a 12; ...St. Domingo 10c. Molasses firmer; New ...1 a 43c.

...HTON CATTLE MARKET—*Thursday Last*

...arket, 1100 Beef Cattle, 200 Stores, 2000 ...d Lambs, and 250 Swine.

...Beef Cattle—Extra $8 00; first qual-...0; second quality, $6 75; third quality

...ing Oxen—$100, 120, 130 a 140.
...Cows—$29 a 31; common $17 a 18.
...Calves—$4, 4 50 a 4 75.
...Yearlings,—none; two years old $22 a ...ee years old $24 a 31.
...Skins—12 a 14c per lb. Pelts—$1 50 a2 75.
...—at 7 1-2 a 8c. Hides—7 3-4 a 8c.
...and Lambs—$1 50a 2 75; extra $3, 4 5 a 5

NEW BEDFORD OIL MARKET

...—The market for Sperm Oil has mani-...considerable activity the past week and ...have largely advanced. Sales have been ...to manufacturers at 138, 136, 135, a 140c, ...00 bbls at 145c per gallon. The market ...with further inquiry, but holders refuse to ...s at less than 150c per gallon at which ...they are firm.

...ALE—There is considerable inquiry for ..., and the transactions since our last include ...at 54, 56, 55, 53 a 56 1-2c per gallon. Also ...s dark at 48c.

...EEKLY ALMANAC.

...ANUARY. 1859.		Sun rises.	Sun sets.	Moon rises	High water
...turday,		7 17	5 10	4 34	4 4
...nday,		7 16	5 12	5 23	4 56
...nday,		7 15	5 13	6 4	5 46
...esday	Feb.	7 14	5 14	6 41	6 35
...dnesday,		7 13	5 15	sets.	7 22
...ursday,		7 12	5 16	6 48	8 6
...iday,		7 11	5 18	7 9	8 48

...Moon 2d day, 8th hour, 20 m even.

Special Notices.

...perb Oil Color Portrait of ...WARD EVERETT.

...blishers of Challen's Illustrated Monthly, an ele-...lar Magazine, of 48 pages monthly, or 576 per an-...illustrated with fine steel and wood engravings, an-...that they will issue on the 25th of January, 1859, a ...ent portrait of Edward Everett, printed in rich oil ...imparting the effect of the finest work of art ...on canvas or ivory. It will be a faithful likeness ...all the beauty of a highly finished oil painting. ...tail of similar prints in London is five dollars.— ...American citizen will desire a copy of this portrait— ...ament for the parlor it will be unsurpassed. It is ...large, heavy paper, suitable for framing.

...TO OBTAIN IT.—We will send it, post paid, to ev-...ular subscriber to Challen's Illustrated Monthly ... Any person sending Ten Dollars will receive ...portraits and eleven copies of the Magazine for ... A sample copy of the portrait and the Magazine, ...year will be sent for $1. As the portrait will not be ...any price, this is the only way it can be obtained. ...ist impressions by sending at once. Postmasters, ...preachers, and every reader of this paper, are re-...to act as agents, on the above terms.

JAMES CHALLEN & SON, Philadelphia.

TO MARRIED LADIES.

The "INDIAN EMMENAGOGUE" is a new ...medicine designed *expressly for females.* It is pre-...from an Indian plant, which from time immemorial has ...performed among the natives so easy, and is now ...first time, offered to the public. The name and vir-...this wonderful plant was recently obtained from Sken-...an Oneida Chief, now residing at Syracuse, N. Y., ...advanced age of 110 years! It is neatly put up in ...bottles with full directions for using, and is war-...to cure any case of female obstruction in *twenty-four* ... This may seem incredible, but if it fails in any case ...will be refunded. Purely vegetable, and perfectly ...all times.

Remember! This is the only medicine of the kind that ...used in all cases—none other is worthy of confidence. ...express to all parts of the country. Sold only at ...Mattison's Remedial Institute, No. 28 Union street, ...ce, R. I.

...vertisement in this paper

BERKELEY INSTITUTE.

...HE FOURTH YEAR of this School commences on TUESDAY, Sept. 7, 1858. ...re are three Departments, English, Classic ...French.

...lications received at the School Rooms, 10 ...ngton Square, or address box 805.

...g 7 WM. C. LEVERETT.

WM H. SMITH,
DENTIST,
...WINBURNE'S BLOCK,
139 THAMES STREET,
Newport, R. I.

MARRIED.

...this city, 27th inst., by Rev. S. Adlam, Mr. ...am C. Tennant, Jr., to Miss Elizabeth C., ...ter of Mr. John Easton, all of this city.

...Bristol, 20th inst., William W. Coggeshall ...rren, to Mary E. Munro, of B.

...Tiverton, R. I., William A. Crocker, of ..., to Susan T. Grinnell, of T.

...Providence, 20th inst., Charles H. Goff to ...aine Wakeham, of P; 25th, Christopher ...ley, of Chicago, to Charlotte H., daugh-...A. B. Dike, Esq., of P; 24th, Samuel ...rs, of Wayne County, Va., to Minerva A., ...est daughter of Robert G. Lewis, Esq., of ...Ebenezer Cole, Jr., to Carrie M. Bur-...both of P; 27th, Mr. Edward L. Potter to ...Mary A. Greenman, both of P.

...Warren, 23d inst., Mr. Benjamin F. Hiscox, ...rren, to Miss Elizabeth Burns.

...Lynchburg, Va., 13th inst., S. A. Hunter, ...mpbell County, to Mannie T. Parker, of ...dence.

DIED.

...this city, 21st inst., Julia E., daughter of ...mes E. and Jeanie E. Ladd, aged 2 years, ...nths and 14 days.

...this city, 22d inst., Mr. John Gladding, ...years.*

...Providence, 22d inst., Richard W., son of ...in Gardner, aged 10 years; 21st, Mrs. ...Parker, aged 88 years; 24th, Charlotte ...daughter of George W. Hassard, aged 1 year; ...Edmund, T., son of Josias L. Luther, aged ...; 24th, Freddy W., son of John B. Dun-...ed 1 year; Martha E., daughter of Wil-...W. Richards, aged 1 year; 26th, Mr. Wil-...Dawley, aged 75 years; 27th, Charles Y., ...aged 7 years; 27th, Mrs. Waity G. Ur-...aged 63 years; 27th, Sarah L. H. Yer-..., aged 15 years.

...Cranston, 25th inst., Mr. Peleg Hedly, of ...mouth, in the 47th year of his age.

...Warren, 23d inst., Mary T., widow of the ...ohn T. Croade, and daughter of the late ...T. Child.

Marine Intelligence.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, Jan. 22.—Ship Mary Bradford, Sampson, London for N York in distress.

Schr Amytis, Butler, Balt for Portland.

SUNDAY, Jan. 2.—Schr Copy, Davis, F River for N York; Chief, Eldridge, Norfolk for Fall River; J E Potts, Wells, Prov for N London; Homer, Salisbury, Norfolk for Prov; Promise, Powers, F River for Brookhaven; J W Bell, Dayton, Bristol for N York; Sea Flower, Clark, Fall River for New Haven; Thatcher, Taylor, Boston for Tangier; U S schr Washington, Lieut E O Murden, commanding, from New York on a cruise to relieve distressed vessels.

MONDAY, Jan. 24.—Schr Winged Racer, Snow, Boston for Tangier; M A Lovell, ——, F River for Elizabethport.

TUESDAY, Jan. 25.—Schr S Louisa, Newcomb, Boston for Tangier; Caroline, Dyer, Fall River for N Bedford; C Hall, Boston for N London; J H Houston, Russell, Prov for N York; Liberty, Ray, Prov for Norfolk; A Gardner, Harding, Prov for N York.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 26.—Bark Isnardon, Douglass, Prov for Apalachicola; H Warren, Chase, Prov for Havana; Mary Coe, Avery, Prov for ——.

Schr Ada Herbert, Higgins, Boston for Tangier; N & D Scudder, Freeman, Portland for Tangier; B D Prince, Freeman, Boston for do; Dashing Wave, Freeman, Portland for Tangier; Era, Chamberlain, Boston for N York.

THURSDAY, Jan 27—schrs Hudson, Waterman, F River for N York; Maria Louisa, Cummings, do for do; Justice, Sheldon, South Pier for do; Wenonah, Stacy, Bristol for Matanzas.

Memoranda.

Arr at Charleston 25th, ship Caroline Read, Chase, from Plymouth, Eng, leaking badly.

Cld at Boston 25th, bark Lucy Ann, Carrigan, for Portland, to load for Havana.

Arr at Charleston 20th, bark J A Hazard, Williams, from Baltimore.

At Wilmington, NC, 26th, bark Saranac, Bigley, wtg; schr Matron, Taylor, do.

At Cardenas 13th, brig John Hathaway, Smith, for Wilmington, NC.

At Savannah 21st, brig Ellen Hayden, Smith, fm Havana, ldg; sch H Casttoff, Gardner, disg.

Arr at Nassau, NP, ——, brig Amanda Jane, Dorr, fm Bordeaux, France, for New York, leak'g.

Arr at Mobile 19th, sch V Barkelew, Hopkins, fm Rustan.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

OLD PAPERS suitable for wrapping, for sale at THIS OFFICE.

LECTURES!!

THE GOVERNMENT OF THE NEWPORT

Musical Institute

take pleasure in announcing to the public that they are giving a course of ten lectures at MUSIC HALL, in Narragansett Building, for the benefit of the Institute.

The next lecture will be delivered by

Rev. Mr. BROWN

on Monday evening, Jan. 31, at half past 7 o'cl'k. Tickets 15 cents, which may be obtained at the usual places and at the door.

EBEN TOURJEE, GEO. H. WILSON, WM. D. SOUTHWICK, } Com. on Lectures.

Jan 29

LECTURE.

THE SEVENTH LECTURE before Hercules Fire Co., No. 7, and their friends, will be given on Monday evening, at their Hall in Howard street, Jan. 31, by the

Rev. E. A. LYON.

Lecture to commence at quarter to 8 o'clock.—Tickets to be had at Tilley's, or of the Committee.

WM. S. CRANSTON, Jr., H. B. BURDICK, ARNOLD L. BURDICK, C. T. WHITE, JOHN H. TILLEY, } Com. on Lectures

Jan 29

NOTICE.

ON THE FIRST DAY OF FEBRUARY next, we shall admit Job T. Langley, James B. Finch and John S. Enos as partners in our Lumber and Hardware business. The business will be continued at the old stand in the name of Finch, Enos & Co.

The *new* firm are authorized to settle the affairs of the *old*.

We would take this opportunity to tender our thanks to the community for the very liberal patronage bestowed on the *old* firm and ask a continuance of the same to the *new*.

Jan 29, 1859—3m FINCH & ENOS.

Guardian's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed and duly qualified by the Honorable Court of Probate of the city of Newport, guardian of the person and estate of

MARY ROACH,

minor daughter of Ellen, and John Roach dec'd, requests all persons having demands against said estate, to present them for settlement and those indebted to make immediate payment to

SETH W. MACY, Guardian.

Jan 29—6w*

Guardian's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed and duly qualified by the Honorable Court of Probate of the city of Newport, guardian of the person and estate of

LEILA WHALEY,

requests all persons having demands against said estate, to present them for settlement and those indebted to make immediate payment to

SETH W. MACY, Guardian.

Jan 29—6w*

NOTICE.

THE "READING" BY GEO. D. BREWERTON, Esq., before Hercules Engine Company and their friends, which was advertised for Friday evening last, is postponed until Thursday evening next, February 4th, to commence at 7 3-4 o'clock. Tickets purchased for Friday evening will be good for the lecture of Rev. Mr. Lyon on Monday evening.

For the Committee,

Jan 29 A. L. BURDICK.

TO LET.

THE LOWER PART of the house No. 34 Prospect Hill Street; or, if desired, the whole house, will be rented at a moderate rent.

The house is fitted for burning gas; there is a good cistern and well of water; also a good cook-house, which is not attached to the house.

For further particulars enquire of

WILLIAM SISSON, South Touro st.

Jan 29—tf

MASONIC NOTICE.

THE INSTALLATION of the Officers of St. Johns Lodge No. 1, will be on Monday evening, Jan. 31, 1859, at 7 p. m., and the supper at 9 p. m.

Tickets for the Supper, admitting a Brother and two Ladies, can be had at Tilley's.

Price of tickets $1,25. Jan 29.

For Sale,

TWO FIFTHS of House and Lot in John street, well known as the estate of the late Isaac C. Peckham. For particulars enquire of E. J. Townsend, Newport, or address Mrs. Martha G. Townsend, New Orleans, La.

Jan 29—tf

The Recruit.—A compilation of Exercises and Movements of Infantry, Light Infantry and Riflemen, according to the latest improvements, respectfully dedicated to the Recruits of the United States, by Capt. I. T. Caines, for sale at TILLEY'S.

Magazines for February.—Godeys, Atlantic, Harpers, Petersons, Ballous and Leslies, for sale at TILLEY'S.

Jan 29

Yankee Notions and Nick Nax, for February, for sale at TILLEY'S.

Jan 29

SQUASHES—Boston Marrow, just rec'd at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames street.

Jan 29

PEACH BLOW—Mercer and Philadelphia Sweet Potatoes, just rec'd at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames street.

Jan 29

CABBAGES fresh at WILSON'S, 79 Thames street.

Jan 29

PEANUTS.

100 BUSHELS of Wilmington Peanuts, just received by R. H. STANTON.

Jan 29

Steel Skirts of thirty springs of best steel, of light make and graceful form, rec'd this day by F. LAWTON & BROS.

Jan 29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT ss.

CLERK'S OFFICE, Supreme Court, January 15, A. D. 1859. }

WHEREAS, John Hambly of Portsmouth, in said county of Newport, Housewright, has filed his petition in said office of said court, of this present date, in which he represents that George Lawton Fish of said Portsmouth, yeoman, was, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1858, justly indebted to the said John Hambly, in the sum of one hundred dollars and thirty-four cents($100,34) according to the account filed. That said indebtedness of said George Lawton Fish to said petitioner arose from certain work, labor, skill done and performed, and care and diligence bestowed by said petitioner as a housewright for said George Lawton Fish, at his request, in and about building a dwelling house, on a certain parcel of land situate in said Portsmouth, containing about fifteen acres, bounded as follows:—Northerly, on land of Stephen Thomas; Easterly, on a highway; Southerly, by the turnpike road; and Westerly by lands of Robert Hicks; and that said petitioner performed said work and within six months from the time he commenced the said work and labor, he filed and lodged an account with notice that he claimed a lien upon the before described lot of land of the said George Lawton Fish, with the improvements thereon, in the Town Clerk's office of the said town of Portsmouth, where the said lot of land and buildings were, and are situated, and with notice to whose estate and interest therein the said lien refers, which said copy of the said account, and the said notice was received in the said office and there duly filed and recorded, on the thirtieth day of November last past, at one o'clock in the afternoon as appears by a copy of said account and notice and the certificate thereon filed.

Wherefore said petitioner prays that said lien may be enforced upon the interest of the said George Lawton Fish, in the before described estate, whereupon he prays that the life interest of the said George Lawton Fish in the before described real estate, may be sold to satisfy his said account and all other accounts and demands for which the said interest in the said estate is pledged, and liable under the provisions of the 150th chapter of the Revised Statutes of this State. Therefore notice is hereby given to all persons having a lien by virtue of said act, or a mortgage, or an attachment, or any other claim in all or any part of the said property, to appear before said court at the next term thereof, to be holden at Newport within and for the county of Newport, on the third Monday of February, A. D. 1859, and make out their demands against the same.

JOHN W. DAVIS, Clerk.

Jan 29—3w

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT ss.

Clerk's Office, Supreme Court, January 15, A. D. 1859. }

WHEREAS, Perry G. Randall of Portsmouth in said county of Newport, housewright, has filed his petition in said office of said court of this present date, which he represents that George Lawton Fish of said Portsmouth, yeoman, was, on the 29th day of October, A. D. 1858, justly indebted to the said Perry G. Randall in the sum of sixty-four dollars and eighty-seven cents, ($64,87) according to the account filed. That said indebtedness of said George Lawton Fish to said petitioner arose from certain work, labor, skill, done and performed, and care and diligence bestowed by said petitioner as a housewright, for said George Lawton Fish, at his request, in and about building a dwelling house on a certain parcel of land situate in said Portsmouth, containing about fifteen acres, bounded as follows:—Northerly on land of Stephen Thomas; Easterly on a highway; Southerly by the Turnpike road; and Westerly by lands of Robert Hicks; and the said petitioner performed said work and within six months from the time he commenced the said work and labor, he filed and lodged an account with notice that he claimed a lien upon the before described lot of land of the said George Lawton Fish, with the improvements thereon, in the Town Clerk's office of the said town of Portsmouth, where the said lot of land and buildings were, and are situated, and with notice to whose estate and interest therein the said lien refers, which said copy of the said account with the said notice was received in the said office, and there duly filed and recorded, on the 30th day of November last past, at one o'clock in the afternoon, as appears by a copy of said account and notice and the certificate thereon herewith filed.

Wherefore said petitioner prays that said lien may be enforced upon the interest of the said George Lawton Fish, in the before described estate.

Whereupon he prays that the life interest of the said George Lawton Fish in the before described real estate, may be sold to satisfy his said account and all other accounts and demands for which the said interest in the said estate is pledged and liable, under the provisions of the 150th chapter of the Revised Statutes of this State.

Therefore notice is hereby given to all persons having a lien by virtue of said act, or a mortgage, or an attachment or any other claim, in all or any part of the said property, to appear before said Court at the next term thereof, to be holden in Newport, within and for the county of Newport, on the third Monday of February, A. D. 1859, and make out their demands against the same.

JOHN W. DAVIS, Clerk.

Jan 29—3w

Court of Probate, City of Newport, Jan 24, 1859. }

JOSEPH B. WEAVER, late guardian of *Benjamin C. Weaver, William H. Weaver, Thomas Weaver, Charles Weaver and Sarah Weaver,* who were minor children of

SOLOMON G. WEAVER,

late of Newport, dec'd, but who have all arrived to lawful age, presents his several accounts on the estates of his late Wards, for allowance, and the same are received and is referred to Monday the 14th day of February next, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week in the *Newport Mercury.*

Jan 29 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, January 25, 1859. }

A PETITION was this day presented to this Court, praying for reasons therein stated, that this court would take legal steps to have a guardian appointed for the person and estate of

CALEB CORY,

of Portsmouth, a person who by old age and imbecility, is not capable of managing his own affairs. The same was read, received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in February next, at 1 o'clock p. m., and it is ordered that previous notice be given in the *Newport Mercury,* for three weeks successively that all persons interested may appear at said time and place if they see fit, and be heard thereon.

By order,

Jan 29 RICH. SHERMAN Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, Jan 23, 1859. }

A REQUEST in writing is made by Mary S. Wilbor, for probate on an instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of

OTIS WILBOR,

late of Little Compton, deceased. The same is received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Probate clerk's office in said town on Monday, the 14th day of February next, at 1 o'clock P. M., and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

HENRY M. TOMPKINS, Prob. Cl'k.

Jan 29

Court of Probate, Little Compton, Jan 10, 1859. }

ARTHUR T. WILBOUR makes application in writing for the appointment of an Administrator upon the estate of

PELEG WILBOUR,

late of Little Compton, deceased. The same is received and referred for consideration to a Court of Probate to be holden at the probate clerk's office in said town, on Monday, the 14th day of February next, at 1 o'clock P. M., and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

HENRY M. TOMPKINS, Prob. Cl'k.

Jan 29

Administrator's Notice.

Will be sold at Auction on the premises on TUESDAY, the 10th day of November, 1858, at 12 o'clock M., by virtue of authority from the Court of Probate of the City of Newport,

ALL THE RIGHT, title and interest which

MICHAEL ROACH

late of said city, deceased, had at the time of his death, in and to a certain lot of and land buildings thereon, on Denison street. Conditions made known at time and place of sale.

Sept 25 SETH W. MACY, adm'r.

The above sale is adjourned to the 25th day of March, at 12 o'clock M.

Jan 29 S. W. MACY, Adm'r.

Skirts.—Balmoral, Steel Springs and Holms Netted Skirts, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames street.

Jan 29

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ONCE MORE.

FOR THREE WEEKS,

FROM THE

1st day of February, 1859,

JAS. HAMMOND

WILL SELL AT

AUCTION PRICES

HIS PRESENT STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

AND

Paper Hangings.

Jan 29, 1859

FOR SALE.—A superb estate on the East side of South Touro Street, comprising four acres of ground, beautifully laid out and planted with trees and shrubs, a large dwelling house and stable, both built of brick, with slate roofs. This is a first class house, it was built for a winter residence as well as for a summer abode; in its internal arrangement due regard was had to every want, and it is as thoroughly comfortable as it is elegant. On the first floor there is two large parlors, library, fine dining room, pantry supplied with hot and cold water, kitchen &c., in the second story there are five chambers, bath-room, &c., and on the third floor there is a billiard room and five chambers. The whole is offered on favorable terms. For particulars apply to

GEO. C. MASON, Catharine street.

Jan 29

Valuable and Cheap!

A GUIDE to Family Devotion, by Rev. Alexander Fletcher, D. D., containing a hymn, a portion of Scripture with reflections and a prayer for each morning and evening in the year. This is a subscription work to be had low at the CITY MUSIC STORE.

Jan 29

Rail Road Corsets, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames street.

Jan 29

Shirt Fronts—Linen and Cotton Shirt Fronts, at J. H. HAMMETT'S.

Wool Scarfs for mens wear, at J. H. HAMMETT'S, 98 Thames street.

Jan 29

ORANGES—Havana, Fayal and Sicily, just rec'd at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames street.

Jan 29

FIGS—Prime article in drums and cartoons, at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames street.

Jan 22

VEGETABLES and FRUIT in great variety, at R. WILSON'S, 79 Thames street.

Jan 29

MISCELLANEOUS.

DISSOLUTION.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of

NEWTON BROTHERS,

expires this day by its own limitation; E. F. Newton retires from the business, and either partner is authorized to sign the name of the late firm in the settlement of their business.

EDWARD F. NEWTON,
WILLIAM NEWTON.

Jan 22, 1859.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE UNDERSIGNED, have this day formed a Co-Partnership under the name of

WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.

as successors to the late firm of Newton Brothers, for the purpose of continuing the

Grocery Business

at their well-known establishment, corner of Thames and Pelham streets.

We respectfully tender our thanks to our numerous friends for their liberal patronage during many years past, and assure them in making this new arrangement, no effort will be wanting on our part to merit their continued confidence and support,

WILLIAM NEWTON,
THOMAS P. NEWTON.

Jan 22, 1859.

THE LIFE AND ADVENTURES —OF—

KIT CARSON;

The Nestor of the Rocky Mountains,

FROM FACTS NARRATED BY HIMSELF.

By DeWitt C. Peters, M. D.

One large octavo volume, containing 536 pages, with 10 graphic full-page illustrations, engraved by Orr from designs by Lumly, executed with unusual care.

Price, in cloth, gilt back and side $2,50.
Half Calf Antique, 3,50.

S. CLOUGH, Providence, agent for Rhode Island and Massachusetts.

This work will be sold by agents, or sent prepaid, on receipt of price.

Providence, Jan 22.

French Lunar Drops.

The only certain and safe remedy for females in all cases of Supression or Irregularities, no matter from what cause; in all recent cases they are warranted to give relief. The Drops are the result of an extensive practice, and not discovered by accident. To eulogise their virtues would not add to their merit; we would only say try them. They are invariably certain to regulate the female system, and can be taken without hazard. For consultation on all diseases incident to females, apply personally or by letter, to

Mrs. S. M. MUMFORD, No. 45 Church Street, Newport, R. I.

Jan 22

Savings Bank.

A DIVIDEND of 3 per cent on all sums that have been in the bank for the space of six months, and one and a half per cent on all sums that have been in for three months, is declared by the Directors of the Savings Bank of Newport, payable on and after this day, the 15th instant.

Jan 15—3w S. S. GYLES, Treasurer.

NOTICE.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Coddington Manufacturing Company are hereby notified that a dividend was declared on the 10th instant, payable at the office of the subscriber on and after January 12th.

DAVID G. COOK, Agent & Treasurer.

Jan 15—3w

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The Kay Street House—one of the best located boarding houses in the city—can be had for the coming season, by applying early to the subscriber. The house, which is capable of accommodating about sixty persons is in fine order, and no better opportunity offers for an investment.

GEO. C. MASON, Catharine street.

Jan 15

NOTICE.

Mrs. S. M. Mumford, formerly S. M. Clarke, Independent Clairvoyant and Botanic

DOCTRESS

has taken rooms at 45 Church street. Office hours from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Jan 22—3w.

STAR OF THE NORTH.

FOR PARLORS, Halls and Stores, unequalled for the perfect consumption of the coal, smoke and gas; as a heater, unsurpassed.

Call and examine at J. B. LANGLEY, Jr., & CO'S., 122 Thames street.

Dec 4

NEW BOOKS.

Biographies of distinguished Scientific Men, by Francois Arago,

The Scouring of the White Horse, or the Long Vacant Ramble of a London Clerk, by the author of "Tom Brown's School Days," illustrated by Richard Doyle. WARD'S, 130 Thames street.

Jan 22

SOFT HATS.

A VARIETY of styles and colors, now ready for inspection and sale, at 149 thames street,

nov 20 THOS. J. WEAVER.

FUR CAPS!

ANOTHER invoice of Nutria Caps, this day rec'd by THOS. J. WEAVER,

Dec 25 149 Thames street.

FURS! FURS!!

F. LAWTON BROTHERS will open this day, Stone Martin, Mink, French Fitch, Mountain Martin, and others, Furs in Victorines, Capes, Cuffs and Muffs.

Nov 13

New Fall and Winter Goods.

A FULL assortment of Fall and Winter goods this day received by

Oct 9 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

January 15th, 1859.

RECENT ADDITIONS TO

JAMES HAMMOND'S

Circulating Library.

4242 Journey Due North, Notes of a residence in Russia, by George A. Sala, 1
6004 Household Words, vol. 17th, by Dickens,
4243 Meta Gray; or what makes Home Happy, by Miss M. J. McIntosh, 1
223 A Will and A Way, tales translated from the German, illustrated, 1
4244 Desert Home; or adventures of a lost family in the Wilderness, by Capt Mayne Reid,
4245 Young Yagers; or a narrative of hunting adventures in Southern Africa, by Mayne Reid,
4246 Forest Exiles; or the Perils of a Peruvian Family amid the Wilds of Amazon, by Capt. M. Reid,
6138 Philip the 2d, vol. 3d, by Wm. H. Prescot,
4247 Dora Deane and Maggie Miller; or the East India Uncle, and Old Hagars Secret, by Mrs. Mary J. Holmes, 2
4248 The New Priest in Conception Bay, 2
6191 Smithsonian Institution—Statistics, &c. 1

McGREGOR STOVES.

THE McGREGOR STOVES are the best, cheapest and most economical ever used.—Call and examine them at 117 Thames street.

All persons who wish a good stove, one that will burn but a small amount of coal and give the most heat, let them try the McGregor, as it cannot be beat.

The McGregor stoves heat your rooms to a summer heat, at the same time ventilates the room and carries off all the bad air.

The McGregor is the only real ventilating stove in use.

The only real gas consuming stove in use, is the McGregor.

If you want to keep comfortable during the winter, use the McGregor parlor stove.

If you want to save your coal heap, use the McGregor stove.

To all who want a first rate article, for a parlor, office or hall, will find just what they want by using the McGregor.

Oct 2 W. H. BLISS.

MILLINERY GOODS AT COST.

THE SUBSCRIBER about making new arrangements in his business will commence selling on Tuesday next, 30th Nov., 1858, his stock of Millinery and Fancy Goods at cost, until all are closed out. The stock consists of Straw Bonnets, Silk and Velvet Hats, uncut and Plain Velvets, Corded Bonnet Silks, Bonnet Ribbons, Feathers and Flowers of all colors, Velvet Leaves all colors, Chenille Cord by the piece, Ladies Plain and Fancy Dress Caps, Fall style Bonnet Frames, Chenille Head Dresses, &c.

Particular attention paid to the millinery business. He wil. continue to bleach, color and press Straw Bonnets, at the usual prices; Beaver and Felt Bonnets, and Misses' Beaver and Felt Hats, pressed in the latest Fall style, Bonnet Feathers curled at short notice, to look as well as new, without smoking. City Straw Bonnet and Hat Bleachery, 58 Thames street, 4th door North Parade Corner.

F. H. GREENE, Proprietor.

nov 27

F. W. SHIPMAN,

Blank Book Manufacturer,

BOOK BINDER AND PAPER RULER.

Rooms in Narragansett Bulding, over Hazard & Caswell's Store, 130 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

BLANK and Printed Binding, Paper Ruling, Pamphlet and Music Binding, and Job and Fancy Work, executed in the highest style of art.

All descriptions of Blank Books manufactured to order and warranted equal to the best New York work; also, Fancy Box Making of all varieties.

The subscriber solicits a share of the public patronage and feels sure that through his experience and the introduction of every facility offered by new and improved machinery, his work will give satisfaction.

F. W. SHIPMAN.

nov 13—6m

Winter Supply OF

CHOICE AND FRESH

GROCERIES.

At Wholesale and Retail.

WILLIAM NEWTON & CO., have now in store their usual SEASONABLE SUPPLY OF CHOICE and FRESH

GROCERIES,

most of which have recently been received by the sloop Willard and schooner Elisha Brooks.

☞ All Goods will be sold at the lowest prices for CASH, or on reasonable credit, and the attention of their customers is respectfully invited.

WILLIAM NEWTON & CO.

GROVER & BAKER'S

CELEBRATED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE,

A New Style. Price $50.

A. J. WARD, Agent,

130 *Thames Street, Newport, R. I.*

These machines sew from two spools, and form a seam of unequalled strength, beauty and elasticity, which will NOT rip, even if every fourth stitch be cut. They are unquestionably the best in the market for family use.

☞ Send for a Circular. ☜

Dec 4—tf

WHEELER, WILSON & CO.'S

SEWING MACHINES.

C. E. HAMMETT, Jr., 126 Thames St., Newport R. I. Agent.

These machines, so well known as to need no commendation, are for sale at the reduced prices, and may be seen in operation as above.

Having, since my appointment as agent a month since, given them a fair trial, both in my own family and in others, I will now sell them at the manufacturers prices, free of expenses and keep them in order for one year.

All are invited to call and see them in actual use.

Newport Dec 4, 1858.—tf

The new holiday book is now ready entitled

Wee Wee Songs for our Little Pets,

BY LELIA LEE.

In the preface to this little volume, the writer says "Should any apology be needed for issuing poetry of so simple a character as Wee Wee Songs, it may be found in the wish expressed by Willie's mother on page 9th.

"Oh that those who love Jesus
Would oftener read,
Those sweet words he uttered,
My lambs ye must feed."

H. V. DEGIN, 22 Cornhill, Boston.

Dec 25

A New Watch for Timing Horses,

THE CHRONODROMETER.

APPLETON, TRACY & CO., Watch Manufacturers, Waltham, Mass., have invented a watch for timing horses, which performs with a promptness and accuracy never before attained. A drawing and full particulars sent on application at Waltham, or at 163 Washington street, Boston, or to Robbins & Appleton, New York. A patent has been applied for.

Boston, December 4—tm 11.

Lehigh Coal.

THE PECULIAR advantage of Lehigh Coal is its great durability. Though but little known in this market, it is used in the larger cities more extensively than any other coal, for the constant fires of stoves and of furnaces.

Those who require a steady fire would do well to give it a trial. For sale by

Dec 25 OMAN & BRADFORD.

SEASONABLE.

HEAVY WOOL GAITERS, for Laadies and Misses, for sale by

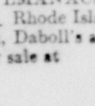
Jan 8 F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

Scranton Coal.

JUST landed, a cargo in store and furnace sizes, for sale by CHARLES WILLIAMS, Williams' wharf, foot of Dennison st.

Dec 18

FOR SALE.



THE FINE TWO STORY DWELLING House, No. 27 Prospect Hill Street. Terms made easy, apply to

Jan 15—tf S. W. MACY.

ALMANACS FOR 1859.—Just received, the Rhode Island, Old Farmers, Family Christian, Daboll's and a variety of Comic Almanacs. For sale at TILLEY'S.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Executors Sale of Real Estate.

Will be sold at Auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY the 16th of February, 1859, at 12 o'clock M., by virtue of authority from the Court of Probate of the City of Newport,

ALL THE RIGHT, title and interest which

JOHN BARBER,

late of said city, had at the time of his death in and to a certain lot of land and buildings thereon situated on Thames street near the Parade. Conditions made known at the time and place of sale.

EDWARD LANDERS, Executor.

Jan 15—5w

Court of Probate, City of Newport, Jan 10, 1859. }

JOHN FREEBORN, guardian of

WILLIAM JAMES CAHOONE,

of Newport, a minor, presents his guardianship account on the estate of said minor for allowance; and the same is received and is referred to Monday the 31st of January inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall, Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days once a week, in the *Newport Mercury,*

Jan 15* B. B. HOWLAND, Prob Cl'k.

Court of Probate, City of Newport Jan 10, 1859. }

ELIZA ANN ENNIS, guardian of

WILLIAM ENNIS,

of said Newport, a minor, presents her guardianship account on the estate of said minor for allowance; and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 31st day of January, inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall in Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Jan 15 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, January 10, A. D., 1859. }

JOHN TALLMAN, Administrator with the will annexed, on the estate of

JOHN BOYD,

late of Portsmouth, dec'd, presents his first account on said estate for allowance, and the same is referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in February next, at 1 o'clock P. M., for consideration, and it is ordered that previous notice be given in the *Newport Mercury* for three weeks successively, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place.

By order,

RICH'D SHERMAN, Prob. Cl'k.

Jan 15

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, January 10, A. D., 1859. }

JONATHAN W. COGGESHALL, Guardian of the estate in this town of

Mary Abby Mason, Charles L. Slocum and Emma L. Slocum,

minors, presents his first account on said minors' estate for allowance, and the same is received and referred to a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in February next at 1 o'clock P. M., for consideration, and it is ordered that previous notice be given in the *Newport Mercury,* for three weeks successively, that all persons interested may appear at said time and place.

By order,

Jan 15 RICH'D SHERMAN. Prob. Cl'k.

Probate Office, Portsmouth, January 20, 1859. }

JOHN MANCHESTER, administrator on the estate of

WILLIAM CROUCHER,

late of Portsmouth, who has been absent from this State over 7 years, to parts unknown, has this day filed in this office his final account on said estate for settlement, and for the same to be acted upon at a Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in February next, at 1 o'clock p. m., and notice is ordered to be given in the *Newport Mercury* for three weeks successively, to all persons interested to appear at the said time and place if they see fit.

Witness—

RICH. SHERMAN, Prob. Cl'k.

Jan 22

Court of Probate, City of Newport, Jan 17, 1859. }

JOHN C. CONGDON, administrator on the estate of

SALLY CONGDON,

late of Newport, widow, dec'd, presents his final administration account with the estate of said deceased, for allowance, and said John C. Congdon guardian of *Francis C. Chase, Laura Chase, Ann G. Chase and Henry C. Chase,* of Newport, minors, presents his several accounts with the estates of said minors for allowance, and the said administration account and the said guardian accounts are received, and are referred to Monday, the 7th day of February next at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week in the *Newport Mercury.*

Jan 22 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob Cl'k.

Court of Probate, Newport, Jan 17, 1859. }

W. J. HOLT, administrator on the estate of

ELIZABETH RICHARDS,

late of Newport, single woman, dec'd, presents his second account on her estate for allowance, and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 7th day of February next at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in Newport, for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week in the *Newport Mercury.*

Jan 22 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.

OUR CO-PARTNERSHIP will be dissolved by its limitation on the 28th of February next. It is therefore absolutely necessary that all our accounts should be settled previous to that date.

F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

Jan 1, 1859

NOTICE.

AT A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Coddington Manufacturing Company, held on Monday, January 10th, 1859, it was

Voted, That the said Company be and is hereby dissolved.

All persons having demands against said Company are hereby notified to present the same, and those indebted are requested to make payment to

DAVID G. COOK, Agent and Treasurer.

Jan 15—3w

Pocasset Bank.

AT THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pocasset Bank, Fall River, R. I., held January 3d, 1859, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year, viz:

Oliver Chace,	Samuel Hathaway,
Joseph Osborn,	Weaver Osborn,
John C. Milne,	Benjamin C. Luther,
Philander Borden.	

At a meeting of the Directors held January 5th, 1859, Oliver Chace was re-elected President, and

Jan 15* W. H. BRACKETT, Cashier.

DRY GOODS.

FALL AND WINTER CLOAKS.

NOVEMBER 12, 1858.

THE CLOAK Season is fully opened. We invite attention to our stock of new Cloakings, consisting of Beaver Cloths, Petershams, Ladies Cloths, Black and Colored Fur Cloths, Esquimaux, Lion Skins and Plushes, colored and plain Flannels for linings, trimmings to match, made up to order in the newest styles, of Cloaks or Raglans, or for sale by the yard, at

nov 13 WM. C. COZZENS & CO'S.

Linen Pocket Handkerchiefs.

LADIES Tape Bordered, Hemstitched, Tucked, Reviere, Embroidered, and Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, with an assortment of nice handkerchiefs for gentlemen, for sale at

C. W. TURNER'S, 126 Thames street.

Dec 18

CLOAKINGS.—Ladies cloths, black and colored, do repellant cloth, that will stand a hard shower and not wet through—tassels and bindings to match—the above for sale to suit customers, or made up in cloaks and raglans, in the best shapes and newest patterns, at short notice.

Oct 2 WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

4 4 ENGLISH PRINTS.—One Thousand yards of fine English Cambric,—fast colors; for sale at 12 1-2 cents per yard.

Dec 18 F. LAWTON & BRO'S.

COTTON BATTING, for sale at 126 Thames street. CHAS. W. TURNER'S.

Dec 18

NEW DRESS SILKS.—A very large and handsome assortment of dress silks—in plaids—stripes and bayaderes of the newest styles—a handsome lot of black bayaderes—black robes—also watered and plain silks of various widths—just received and for sale cheap by

Oct 2 WM. C. COZZENS & CO.

MOUSQUETAIRE GLOVES.—Alexandre's Kid Mousquetaire Gloves, new this day.

July 17 F. LAWTON & BROTHERS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR,

Prepared by Dr. SANFORD,

Compounded entirely from GUMS.

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, that acts as a cathartic, easier, milder and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a cathartic, but a liver remedy acting first on the Liver to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most Cathartics. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The liver is one of the principle regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The stomach is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with LIVER COMPLAINT in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, PURIFYING THE BLOOD, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

BILLIOUS ATTACKS are cured and WHAT IS BETTER PREVENTED by the occasional use of the LIVER INVIGORATOR.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents NIGHT MARE.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently and cures COSTIVENESS.

One dose taken after each meal will cure DYSPEPSIA.

☞ One dose of two teaspoonful will always relieve SICK HEADACHE.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves CHOLIC, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for CHOLERA MORBUS and a preventive of CHOLERA.

☞ Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞ One bottle taken for JAUNDICE removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures CHRONIC DIARRHOEA in its worst forms, while SUMMER and BOWEL complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by WORMS in Children; there is no surer, safer or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

☞ A few bottles cures DROPSY by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for FEVER AND AGUE, CHILL FEVER, and all FEVERS of a BILIOUS TYPE. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

ALL WHO USE IT ARE GIVING THEIR UNANIMOUS TESTIMONY IN ITS FAVOR.

Mix Water in the Mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, even the first dose giving benefit, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common headache, all of which are the result of a diseased liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 345 Broadway, New York. Retailed by all Druggists. Sold also by HAZARD & CASWELL and R. J. TAYLOR.

May 1—1y

CURE FOR CONSUMPTION!

DR. CHURCHILL'S DISCOVERY,

Winchester's Genuine Preparation of Dr. J. F. Churchill's Compound of the Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda and *POTASH,*

A SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR THE TREATMENT OF

CONSUMPTION.

The great Chemico-Medical Discovery of the celebrated Dr. J. F. Churchill of Paris, first made known by him to the French Academy of Medicine about two years ago, marks a new and important era in the annals of Medical Science.

Now, for the first time in the history of the world, has a REMEDY been found that surely strikes at the very foundation of Pulmonary Disease, and by restoring the deficient chemical elements of the blood, increases the principle which constitutes NERVOUS or VITAL FORCE, INVIGORATES THE NUTRITIVE FUNCTIONS, and thus not only CURES, but also PREVENTS the development of this hitherto most fatal scourge of the human race.

☞ **CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.** ☜

Various preparations are already in the market, purporting to be based on Dr. Churchill's discovery, against which we solemnly caution both the profession and the public.

Let no one be deceived, but ask for and use only the preparation sold from the sole General Depot in the United States No. 49 John Street, and bearing a fac simile signature of J. Winchester, by whom alone Dr. Churchill's prescription is put up in a RELIABLE AND CHEMICALLY PURE FORM.

In all Nervous or Scrofulous Complaints, Debility, Loss of Vital Power, Dispepsia, Indigestion and Female Weaknesses, it is a sovereign and invaluable remedy.

☞ READ THE TESTIMONY ☜

From the N. Y. American Medical Monthly for May, 1858.

"Whatever may be our conclusions with reference to the claims of Dr. Churchill, for the hypophosphites as sovereign remedies in tuberculous consumption, THERE CAN BE NO DOUBT AS TO THE VALUE OF THESE SALTS AS REMEDIAL AGENTS."

From the North American Medical Reporter for October 1858.

"This medicine is scientifically prepared and reliable.—We have used it in our own practice, in phthisis pulmonalis, and other forms of disease, with very satisfactory results.—In sixty-eight cases in which this remedy was given, thirty-seven were in the incipient, and twenty-three in the second and advanced stages of consumption; the remainder were beyond hope. With the exception of the latter cases, which were much benefitted, all but three, which are still doubtful, recovered perfectly."

Price $1, or three bottles for $5. Single bottles only, in concentrated solution, sent by mail, prepaid, when specially ordered. All orders for three bottles or over will be sent by express at cost of the party. Druggists must send their orders direct to the undersigned, or they may have a different and spurious preparation sent them.

Winchester's genuine preparation of Dr. Churchill's Compound of the Hypophosphites of Lime, Soda, and Potash is sold wholesale at the sole General Depot, 49 John Street, but will be kept by all respectable druggists throughout the United States. Circulars and all necessary information given to all parties enclosing a stamp. For convenience in receiving our letters, correspondents are requested to add "Box 2751," in addition to the regular address as below.

J. WINCHESTER,

American and Foreign Agency

Jan 29 49 John Street, New York

DR. MATTISON'S

REMEDIAL INSTITUTE,

For the treatment of Chronic Diseases, Private Diseases and Diseases of Women.

No. 28 Union Street, Prov. R. I.

CIRCULARS giving full information sent by mail. Also a pamphlet on Diseases of Women, with observations on Private and Chronic Maladies generally, sent free by enclosing a stamp to Dr. H. N. MATTISON, as above.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.—Dr. M. has no affinity whatever with the host of advertising quacks that infest the country but has adopted the above speciality as recommended by the Boston Med. and Surg. Journal, in order to rescue a large class, of patients from the hands of ignorant and unprincipled pretenders whose deceptive advertisements induce the inexperienced to consult them, not knowing where else to go. Persons at a distance, therefore, having any important and difficult case in this speciality, will save much time and expense by applying either personally or by letter, to the REMEDIAL INSTITUTE.

N. B. *Accommodations for Patients from abroad wishing to remain in the City for a short time under treatment.*

[*From the Providence Journal.*]

Dr. Mattison, whose card may be found in another column, comes among us bearing the highest testimonials, both from his professional brethren and others. He is a thoroughly educated physician of twelve years practice, and undoubtedly possesses superior skill in the treatment of that obstinate class of diseases to which he has devoted so much time and attention.

We the undersigned, being personally acquainted with Dr. H. N. Mattison, believe him to be a temperate man in the most appropriate sense, and that his moral character and professional skill are undoubted.

Lewis L. Miller, M. D.,	Rev. J. N. Murdock, D. D.,
Usher Parsons, M. D.	Rev. John Hobart, A. M.,
David Smith, M. D.,	Rev. Moses Fifield,
James H. Eldridge, M. D.,	Rev. Jonathan Brayton,
L. M. Wheeler, M. D.,	Rev. George A. Willard,
Daniel Greene, M. D.,	Rev. Nathaniel Bemis,
Henry Hubbard, M. D.,	Rev. Stephen A Thomas,
Allen Tillinghast, M. D.,	Rev. George Burnham,
John McGregor, M. D.,	Rev. James Macreading,
A. Whitman, M. D.,	Rev. Henry C. Brown,
Asa W. Fuller, M. D.,	Rev. Geo. W. Wooding,
	and others.

Prov. Jan 22—1y.

Consumptives do not Despair!

CONSUMPTION CURED.
CONSUMPTION CURED.
CONSUMPTION CURED.
CONSUMPTION CURED.
CONSUMPTION CURED.

☞ AN OLD INDIAN DOCTOR, UNCAS BRANT, while a Missionary among the Indians of the Rocky Mountains, discovered a RARE PLANT, that proves to be a certain cure for Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Liver Complaint, Nervous Affections, Coughs, Colds, &c. Having now made his fortune and retired from business, he will send the prescription and directions for preparing the medicine *free of charge* to all who desire it, and will send to its agent, enclosing two stamps (6 cents), to pay the return letter, with a description of their symptoms. The Old Doctor has cured more than 3000 *cases of Consumption alone,* and hopes all afflicted people will avail themselves of this opportunity, as the Doctor wishes to do all the good he can before he dies. Address all letters to

DANIEL ADEE, Box 3431 P. O., New York.

Who is his sole agent.

Dec 18—1y

A Gift with every Book

WORTH FROM 25 CTS. TO $100 00

Our new descriptive Catalogue of 60 octavo pages, embraces a larger collection and better variety of Standard, Historical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books than that of any other book-selling establishment in the country; also contains greater inducements than ever before offered. *mailed free to any address.* Send for a Catalogue.

D. W. EVANS, J. H. PRESTON, } EVANS & CO., Publishers, 677 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Oct 30—6m-eow

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
PHILADELPHIA.

1858. — A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.

The Directors of this well known Institution, in their Annual Report upon the treatment of Sexual Diseases, for the year ending January 1st, 1858, express the highest satisfaction with the success which has attended the labors of the Consulting Surgeon, in the cure of Spermatorrhœa, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Syphilis, the vice of Onanism, or Self-abuse, &c., and order a continuance of the same plan for the ensuing year. The Consulting Surgeon is authorized to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH THE MEDICINE FREE OF CHARGE. Some of the new remedies and methods of treatment, discovered during the last year, are of great value.

An admirable report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the Vice of Onanism, Masturbation, or Self-abuse, and other diseases of the Sexual organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, will be sent by mail (in a sealed letter envelope) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of two stamps for postage. Other Reports and tracts on the nature and treatment of sexual diseases, diet, &c., are constantly being published for gratuitous distribution, and will be sent to the afflicted.

Address, for report or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
George Fairchild, Secretary. April 3—1y

PETER COOPER'S
REFINED
SHEET AND SHRED ISINGLASS
A PRIME ARTICLE.

Very extensively used for
Blanc Mange, Table and Wine Jellies,
and for
Jellifying Preserves.

The Shred, with directions for using, is put up in small packages for family use, and is sold by all the principal Grocers and Druggists throughout the U. S.

PETER COOPER, 17 Burling Slip, N. Y.
Oct 30—3m

Lumber and Hardware.

WE WOULD invite the attention of those who intend building or repairing, to our stock of Lumber and Hardware. Having purchased our stock of Hardware during the dull times, we are able to furnish a good assortment, and at reasonable prices. We are now offering Spruce Framing Lumber at $14 per M., and other Lumber at less prices than last year. Our stock of Shingles is large, and comprises all the varieties usually found in this market.

SWINBURNE, PECKHAM & CO.
Sept 4—tf No 159 Thames street.

NEWPORT & PROVIDENCE.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT

ON and after Monday, December 6th, 1858, the steamer PERRY, Capt. N. B. Allen, will make only one trip a day, leaving Newport, daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock a. m., for Providence.

Returning, will leave Providence at 2 o'clock p. m., for Newport, connecting at Providence with mid-day trains to and from Boston, Worcester, &c. Fare 75 cents each way.

Children under 12 years of age, half price.
Dec 4.

Bay State Line of Steamers.

METROPOLIS, Capt. William Brown, leaves Fall River for New York on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, on arrival of 5.30 train from Boston. Returning leave New York at 4 P. M. Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

BAY STATE, Capt. Jewett, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. From New York Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

Both Boats touch at Newport each way. For New York at 8 P. M., and Fall River at 2 A. M.

The steamers on this route are the largest and most substantial and costly of any inland steamer on the American waters, having been built expressly for the route around Point Judith.

OLD COLONY AND FALL RIVER RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.—On and after Monday, Nov. 1st, 1858, Passenger Trains run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Leave Fall River for Boston at 5.00 A. M.; 3.00 P. M.
Leave Boston for Fall River, 8.10 A. M.; 3.30, 5.10 P. M.
Leave Fall River for New Bedford, 5.00 A. M.; 3.00 P. M.
Leave New Bedford for Fall River, 7.05 A. M.
Leave Fall River for Taunton & Providence, 5.00 A. M.; 3.00 P. M.
Leave Fall River for Cape Cod and Fairhaven Railroads, 5.00 A. M.; 3.00 P. M.
Leave Middleboro' for Fall River, 9.41 A. M.; 5.00, 6.25 P. M.
Leave Fall River for Plymouth and Stations on old Colony Railroad, 5.00 A. M.; 3.00 P. M.
Leave Plymouth for Fall River, 7.30 A. M.; 3.15 P. M.
Boston, Nov. 6, 1858 A. HOLMES, Pres't.

J. B. LANGLEY, JR. & CO.
122 Thames Street,

INVITE THE ATTENTION of purchasers to their new stock of

KITCHEN FURNISHING GOODS.

Among them are new and very desirable patterns of Britannia Tea pots, Britannia Lamps and Ladles, Japanned and plain Tin Ware, Wood, Willow and Enameled Ware, Water Coolers, Brushes, Mats &c, &c. June 19.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has fitted up the shop in the rear of No. 9 Coddington street for the purpose of carrying on the Carriage business in all its branches. Wagon bodies constantly on hand and Job Work done with neatness and despatch.

Saws set and filed. Guns and Locks cleaned and repaired. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.

Oct 23 HENRY C. MANCHESTER.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

ONE TENANTING MACHINE, One Morticing Machine, one Planing Machine, for blind slats, all in good order, and will be sold low; enquire of
Aug 21 FRANCIS STANHOPE, Auct'r.

OLD LEAD

BOUGHT in large and small quantities and on the most favorable terms, by
MASON & BRADFORD,
At their Mill, No. 299 Thames street.
June 26.

COAL & WOOD.

Coal and Kindling Wood.

THE subscriber is now prepared to furnish his customers with FIRST QUALITY prepared coal from the following celebrated mines, viz:

Red Ash.
Black Diamond Vein, stove and egg.
Old Peack Mountain, stove and egg.
F. J. Parvin's, stove and egg.

White Ash.
Ashland, stove, egg and lump,
Old Company Lackawana, range and grate,
ALSO,

The justly celebrated Trevorton coal, and a small lot of the "GENUINE" Lykens Valley coal.

Kindling Wood prepared by machinery from the best quality Southern Pine, also Maple and Oak Kindlings, Walnut, Maple Oak, Pine and Chestnut Wood, by the cord, or prepared in any manner desired. W. J. SWINBURNE,
June 12 wharf opposite foot Mary street.

LIBERTY COAL,—SOMETHING NEW.

THE attention of those preferring free burning coals is solicited to the above named coal.—This possesses a different degree of inflammability from any yet offered in this market; it being not quite so inflammable as the Franklin and Trevorton coals, and yet much more so than the ordinary Red and White Ash coals. It burns with great blaze, and is almost entirely consumed, being quite free from slate and other impurities.

It can be seen burning at my office.
CHAS. WILLIAMS.
Nov 17 Wharf opposite foot of Dennison st.

McGregor Stoves and Furnaces.

THE SUBSCRIBERS offer to their customers and the public generally, the following varied assortment of white ash coals, viz:

Lehigh. Hazleton. Mammoth Vein.
Locust Mountain. Lackawana. Pittston.
Scranton.

On account of their freedom from refuse and dirt, the white ash coals have proved by far the most desirable for the steady fires of McGregor stoves and furnaces.

OMAN & BRADFORD,
Oct 2 opposite the Custom House.

WALNUT WOOD.

A CARGO of very extra Sapling Wood, just landed and for sale by
Oct 16 CHAS. WILLIAMS.

Maple Wood.

A SMALL LOT of very choice Maple, for sale low, by CHAS. WILLIAMS,
Oct 16 Opposite foot of Dennison st.

GRAVEL! GRAVEL!!

VERY HANDSOME GRAVEL for Walks and Yards, for sale by
May 15 OMAN & BRADFORD.

FANCY Cassimeres, just received by
nov 29 LANGLEY & NORMAN.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Sheriff's Notification.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport, ss.

Sheriff's Office,
Nov. 2, 1858.

BY VIRTUE of an Execution issued out of the Clerk's Office of the Court of Common Pleas, within and for the county of Newport, October Term, A. D., 1858, in my hands for service in favor of Francis B. Cole of the City, County and State of New York, and against S. Norton Hitchcock of the same New York, merchant, and David O. King of the City and County of Newport, State of Rhode Island, merchant, partners, now or late doing business at Canton, China, under firm of King & Co., for the sum of $3093.66 cts., debt, and $21.05 cts, cost of suit, in all $3114.71 cts., I have this day at 15 minutes past eleven o'clock A. M., levied the same on all the right, title and interest which the said David O. King had on the 20th day of August, A. D., 1857, at 5 minutes past two o'clock P. M., (the time of the attachment on the original writ) in and to a certain tract of land with the barn thereon standing, situate in said Newport, and bounded as follows: Northerly on Church Street 35 feet, Easterly, partly on land of heirs of Reords Heath, dec'd, and partly on land of Richard Shaw, 153 feet, Southerly on land of heirs of James Phillips, dec'd, 35 feet, and Westerly on land of Elizabeth C. Brenton, 153 feet, and NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the aforesaid land and barn, at Public Auction, on the premises, to the highest bidder for the same on THURSDAY, the third day of February, A. D., 1859, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, in order to satisfy and pay the aforesaid Execution, unless it be sooner satisfied. Conditions at time and place of sale.

Jan 15 WM. D. LAKE, Sheriff.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport, ss.

Clerk's Office Supreme Court
December 31, A. D. 1858.

WHEREAS Arthur Mills, of the city and county of Newport, hath filed in this office his petition praying that the bonds of matrimony now subsisting between him and his wife, Mary Ann Mills, may be dissolved.

Notice is hereby given to said Mary Ann Mills that she be and appear at the next term of our Supreme Court, to be holden at Newport, within and for the county of Newport, on the third Monday of February, A. D., 1859, to show cause, if any she hath, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Jan 1—6w JOHN W. DAVIS, Clerk.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Newport ss

Clerk's Office,
January 4th, A. D., 1859.

WHEREAS William Cole of Fall River, in the county of Newport, has filed in this office his petition for certain reasons therein contained, praying that the bonds of matrimony now subsisting between him and his wife Clarissa Cole, may be dissolved.

Notice is hereby given to said Clarissa Cole that she be and appear at the next term of our Supreme Court, to be holden at Newport, within and for the county of Newport, on the third Monday of February, A. D., 1859, to show cause, (if any she hath) why the prayer of said petition should not be granted.

Jan 8—6w JOHN W. DAVIS, Clerk.

Court of Probate, City of Newport,
Jan. 10, 1859.

DANIEL L. HAZARD, administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of

MARY HAZARD,

late of Newport, Spinster, deceased, presents his administrator account on her estate for allowance; and the same is received and is referred to Monday, the 31st day of January inst., at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Council Chamber in the City Hall, in Newport for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Jan 15* B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Court of Probate, city of Newport,
Jan. 10, 1859.

ANN E. HEAP, administratrix of the estate of

WILLIAM HEAP,

late of Newport dec'd presents her final administratrix account on said estate for allowance; and the same is received and is referred to Monday the 31st day of January inst., at 10 o'clock a. m., at the Council Chamber, in the City Hall Newport, for consideration; and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the *Newport Mercury.*

Jan 15 B. B. HOWLAND, Prob. Cl'k.

Administrators Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been appointed and duly qualified by the Hon. Court of Probate of the city of Newport, administrator on the estate of

ELIZA READ,

late of Newport, dec'd, and calls upon all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment to WILLIAM C. BRYER,
Jan 8, 1859 Administrator.

TIN-WARE, STOVES, &C.

HOT-AIR Furnaces and Cooking Ranges set and repaired, and jobbing of all kinds punctually attended to, by
J. F. LANGLEY, Jr., & CO.,
122 Thames street,
May 10 opposite Messrs. Finch & Engs'.

TIN, Sheet Iron, Japanded, Britannia, Enamelled Iron Ware, Glass, Wooden and Willow Ware, Pumps, &c., &c., constantly on hand and made to order, by
J. B. LANGLEY, Jr., & CO.

TIN WARE.

PLANISH'D, Japanned and Plain Tin Ware of every variety, constantly on hand, or made to order, by W. H. BLISS.

Stoves, Tin Ware &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER has in store a large assortment of Parlor and Cook Stoves, Tin Ware of al kinds, Wooden and Willow Ware. Ranges of most approved pattern set with care, and warranted to work well. Jobbing punctually attended to. Orders solicited.

WILLIAM BROWNELL,
May 12 Opposite R. I. Union Bank

CARPENTERING.

HAMMETT'S LUMBER YARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER has now on hand and is receiving constantly fresh supplies of LUMBER and BUILDING MATERIALS, to which the attention of those in want are invited.

Seasoned Pine Boards, Plank and *Joist* in store.

Pine, Spruce and *Hemlock Timber, Joist, Plank* and *Boards* on hand, or ordered at the *lowest market rates.*

Shingles, Shaved Cedar and Pine—Eastern and Western sawed Pine—Eastern sawed Cedar and Spruce, of various qualities.

Pine and Spruce Fence Pickets, 4, 5 and 6 feet long.

Pine and Spruce Laths.

Eastern and Western Clase Boards of all desirable qualities, and together with a good assortment of

Builders' Hardware,

as Butts, Screws, Nails, Tacks, Brads, Locks, Latches, Plate Hinges, Superior Cast Steel Files, of all kinds and of the best make to which the attention of those using are, invited which together with a large stock of

Masons' Materials,

as Hard, Soft and Paving Bricks, Laurenes Rosendale Cement, N. Y. City Mills Plaster and Marble Dust, Plaster Hair, and a full assortment of Eastern and Western Lump and Common Lime, at lowest retail prices, or as *Agent for Manufactures*, is prepared to furnish in quantities at the lowest cash rates. All in want in large or small quantities are invited to call at

HAMMETT'S, Lumber Yard,
July 24—tf 231 Thames street.

City Steam Planing Mill,
Corner Sherman & Spring streets.
Newport, R. I.

Planing, Grooving and all kinds of Scroll sawing done at short notice.

Also, Window Frames, Sashes, Blinds, Doors, Mouldings and Cornices, manufactured and constantly kept on hand and for sale as low as in New York, Boston, or Providence.

☞ Interest charged on all accounts after ninety days. SIMON MOFFIT, Proprietor.

WILLIAM B. HALE,
BUILDER.

All orders left at No. 18, corner of Mount Vernon and Barney street, will meet with prompt attention.

N. B. Doors, Blinds, Frames and Sashes on hand or made to order. Sept 22

CHENILLE HEAD DRESSES, at
J. H. HAMMETT'S,
Oct 20 98 Thames street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

BY GEORGE C. MASON, Catharine Street.

Bank Stock for Sale.

STOCK in the following Banks can be purchased of the subscriber at fair rates:—
R. I. Union Bank,
Arcade Bank, Providence.
Washington Bank, Westerly.

FOR SALE.—Two superb lots centrally located and containing about five acres each, well walled and with trees finely rooted; can be secured by applying to the subscriber. On one of these lots there is an excellent well, and both are highly improved.

FOR SALE.—Two acres of excellent land on Coggeshall's Avenue. The above has a fine location and will be sold at fifteen hundred dollars an acre.

FOR SALE.—600 acres of Woodland in the town of Sherburne, Vermont, within twelve miles of Rutland.

FOR SALE.—The Weaver Lot, on South Spring street, and adjoining land of Charles Potter, Esq. It is about one hundred and twenty feet front and runs back one half the width of the square. The above will be sold at the low price of five cents a foot.

FOR SALE.—A dwelling house, corner of Washington and Willow streets. It is fitted for two families and is in excellent repair.

FOR SALE.—The dwelling house and lot on Touro, High and Mary streets.

FOR SALE.—A number of valuable building lots in the vicinity of Brenton's Cove, and including the bluff directly above the beach. These lots have an uninterrupted view of the Bay, Harbor and city, are located on both sides of the road leading to Fort Adams and Bateman's Point.—The water of Brenton's Cove affords good facilities for boating, and the lots will be cut to suit purchasers and the price is moderate.

For Sale.—Several Stacks of good Hay, at a reasonable price.

TO LET FURNISHED, the convenient dwelling house on Carroll Avenue, at the southeast corner of Lily Pond, with two acres of ground, a carriage stable, bathing privilege on the adjoining beach, &c. The above is one of the most desirable locations on the southern shore of the island.

TO RENT for the season or by the year—a number of houses and cottages, furnished or unfurnished, in fine locations and at prices suited to the times.

OCEAN HOUSE AND PROPERTY,
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN,

At Private Sale, instead of at Auction, as advertised.

This valuable property can be purchased at the very low price of $32,000 (thirty-two thousand dollars,) to close up the present ownership, if applied for within thirty days. It consists of 3 1-3 acres of the most valuable land in Newport, the hotel originally costing over $70,000, will accommodate over 500 guests. The establishment is too well and favorably known to require further description.

The terms of payment will be liberal to the purchaser. For further particulars apply to
HENRY BULL,
E. F. NEWTON, Committee.
FRANCIS LAWTON,
Newport, Oct 2

Farm For Sale.

THE SANDY POINT FARM belonging to the heirs of William Bateman, dec., situated in Portsmouth adjoining the Glen. There is about one mile of shore privilege, with wharf and the whole farm contains about 200 acres of excellent farming land and is in a state of good cultivation, also has a thrifty orchard which will yield the present season about 1000 bushels of apples. The House and barn have but recently been built, with all the modern improvements.

This offers one of the finest opportunities for a person wishing a country seat on the Island, as a fine view is presented of the East Bay and ocean, Seaconnet Point being but a few miles distant.

Persons can inspect the farm by applying to Rufus H. Sherman the present occupant, or for terms &c., to
LUTHER BATEMAN,
Aug 28—tf. Newport.

TO LET or FOR SALE.

The "Davis Estate," No. 100 Thames street, consisting of a store 20 by 45 feet, and a good Tenement, containing 9 rooms; they will be let together or separate. This is one of the best stands for business on Thames street.
Apply to R. P. LEE,
June 26—tf. Agent.
The tenement alone of the above is to let.

TO LET.

THE FARM now occupied by Wanton T. Sherman, Bliss Road.

ALSO, the House No. 10 Broad street. For particulars apply at
Nov 13 No. 2 Commercial Wharf.

TO LET OR FOR SALE.

ONE 5 OCTAVE MELODEON, Carhart's patent; terms very moderate; apply at
Dec 11 THIS OFFICE

TO LET.

THE HOUSE No. 19 John Street, without furniture. One or two families can be accommodated. Possession given immediately. Apply
Aug 14 ON THE PREMISES.

TO LET.

THE CHAMBERS in house No. 60 Thames street. For particulars enquire of F. H. GREENE on the premises, or at
Oct 9 58 Thames street.

TO LET.

HOUSE No. 146 Thames staect, containing nine rooms. Also, rooms for storage.
April 10—tf CHARLES COTTON.

40,000 FEET OF

SOUTHERN PINE FLOORING, Firsts and Seconds; for sale low by
S. MOFFITT,
Corner Spring and Sherman street.
Oct 30—tf.

JOSEPH M. LYON
PLUMBER, BRASS FOUNDER & COPPER SMITH
No. 236 Thames Street,
NEWPORT, R. I.

HAS constantly on hand a variety of Force and Lift Pumps, of his own manufacture, which he warrants equal, if not superior to any before offered in this market.

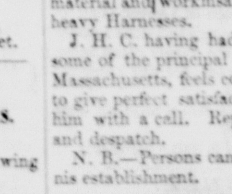
Also, Water Closets, Wash Bowls, Croton and Cochituate Faucets, and every description of Plumbing materials of various qualities and prices, as cheap as can be bought elsewhere.

Also, Pure block Tin Pipe, warranted not to injure the water in any way and fitted in the best style to Pumps and all other purposes.

Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead of various sizes on hand, also, all kinds of Brass and Composition Castings made to order. Ship Castings of all kinds on hand and made to order at short notice.

All orders attended to with neatness and despatch and all work *Warranted.* March 8.

J. H. Chappell,
HARNESS MAKER & TRIMMER.



Would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that his store is at No. 18 Farewell, corner Marlborough sts, where he will keep constantly on hand and make to order, of the best material and workmsanhip, all kinds of light and heavy Harnesses.

J. H. C. having had a practical experience in some of the principal cities in Rhode Island and Massachusetts, feels confident that he will be able to give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor him with a call. Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

N. B.—Persons can rely on the promptness of his establishment. March 3, 1855

Ladies' Delight.
RELIEF COME AT LAST.

J. WISNER'S WASHING MACHINE, Patented Sept. 26th, 1854, is a large tub with zinc fitted on the bottom, also on the under side of the rubber. It stands on a stool, and weighs about 25 pounds; is simple and handy, and has been thoroughly examined and tried by thousands at the West within the past year, who pronounce it to be the best labor-saving machine ever offered to the public. It has been tested sufficiently long to prove that wherever it has been used properly, it will tell a better story for itself than I can communicate. Give it a trial and you will be entirely satisfied of its superior merits.

For sale in this city, at 13 Church street.
A. G. GREENE,
Aug 7—tf Sole Agent.

GROCERIES.

WM. CORNELL
17 & 19 Broad st. and 1 Spring st.
(At the Junction of Broad and Spring streets nearly opposite his former location.)

Invites the attention of the public to the following large and well selected stock of

NEW GOODS,

which with many other things are offered at the very lowest prices, and delivered free of charge in any part of the city.

TEAS.
New crop Oolong, New crop English Br'fst
" Gun Powder, " " Imperial,
" Young Hyson, various grades from the highest to lowest.

COFFEES.
Old Government Java, Maracaibo,
Rio, Parched,
Ground of a very superior quality and Dandelion coffee.

SUGARS AND MOLASSES.
Stewart's crushed, Refined A B & C do,
Fine powdered, Granulated,
and Havana Sugars,
Muscavado and New Orleans Molasses.

PROVISIONS.
Pork, Hams, Lard, Dried Beef,
Fish, Cheese, Fresh Butter, Eggs.

FLOUR &C.
Double extra Genesee, in bbls, half bbls and bags,
Northern Meal, Rye and Feed Meal, Corn and Oats.

OILS.
Lard, Whale, Olive, Castor oils.

FRUIT &C.
Oranges, Lemons, Figs,
Raisins, Citron, Currants,
Prunes, Preserved ginger, Pickles,
Catsups, Pepper Sauce, Capers.

SPICES.
Nutmegs, Mace, Ginger,
Pimento, Cloves, Cassia,
Pepper, Mustard, Caraway seeds,
Gr'd Spice, warranted, Cayenne, Shakers Herbs and flavoring Extracts.

SOAPS.
Wards No. 1, do Pale,
No 1 extra Excelsior, German Lustral,
Old Palm, Castile and Fancy Soaps.

TOBACCO.
Lorillards, Macoboy and Scotch Snuff,
do smoking and fine cut chewing Tobacco, Cigars of various brands.

CRACKERS.
Butter, Oyster, Soda, Cream, Wine and fancy Crackers, Pilot Bread.

SUNDRIES.
French Chocolate, Baker's Cocoa, Hominy
Samp, Hecker's Farina, Corn Starch
Laundry Starch, Tapioca, Wheaten Grits
Maccaroni, Vermacelli, Ground rice
Pyle's saleratus, Babbitt's do, Sup carbonate soda
Sal soda, Cream Tartar, Hemp seed
Caraway seed, Table salt, Dairy salt,
Indigo, Bath brick, Wrapping,
Letter, Bill, Cap,
And note paper, Envelopes, Matches,

BRUSHES.
Floor, Whitewash, Scrub,
Clothes, Shoe, Hair,
Tooth, House and Dust Brushes.

WOODEN WARE.
Brooms, Tubs, Pails,
Dippers, Baskets, Covers,
Faucets, Sieves, Wash boards,
Cloth Pins, Cloth Lines, Bed Cords,
Mats, Mops, Trays.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.
Corn Shellers, Hay Cutters, Manure Forks,
Shovels, Hoes, Plows,
Cultivators, Rakes, Scythes,
Hay Forks, Rifles, Yokes,
Cards, Curry Combs, Boxes,
Whips, &c.

SHOES.
Mens Boys, Women's,
Misses' and Children's Shoes and Boots.

DRY GOODS
Brown and Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings,
Denim's, Prints, Ginghams, Delaines,
Challis, Cambricks, Jeans, Nankins,
Brilliants, Ticks, Crash, Cassimere,
Ribbons, Hadkf's, Edgings, Table Linen,
Thread, Silk, and Yankee Notions.
Crockery,
Glass Ware,
Earthern Ware,
Paper Hangings.

Having nearly disposed of his large stock of paper hangings will sell the remainder at reduced prices.

S. T. HUBBARD,

Corner of Washington Square and Thames street has just replenished his stock of

GROCERIES,

which he intends to keep fully supplied, and invites the public patronage, guaranteeing a full compensation for their money. His stock comprises the following well selected assortment.

TEA
of all the different kinds.

COFFEE.
Old Government and Java. Also fresh ground and parched Coffee.

SUGAR.
Porto Rico, Cuba, Muscovado, New Orleans, Loaf, Crushed and powdered.

MOASSES.
New Orleans, Cuba, Porto Rico, and Sugar house Syrup.

SPICES.
Nutmegs, Pimento, Pepper, Mace, Cassia, Cloves, raw and ground Ginger, and Cinnamon.

FLOUR.
Genesee, Ohio and New York State, in barrels, half barrels and bags, of all the different brands.

MEAL.
R. I. Corn Meal, the best for family use. Also Western and New York State Meal, suitable for feed.

CRACKERS.
Soda, Wine, Milk, Medford, Pic Nic, Butter, Boston, Sugar and water Crackers; also Pilot Bread.

SEGARS.
Havana Segars of the different brands, Principe, with a large assortment of German Segars.

APPLES.
R. I. Greenings, Gillyflowers, Talman Sweets, Pippin and Russets.

RAISINS.
Layer, Bunch, and Seedless Raisins. Also, Zante and Trieste Currants, Smyrna Figs, Prunes and Plums.

NUTS.
Bitter and Sweet Almonds, shelled and soft shelled, Brazil nuts, Filberts, Walnuts, Pecannuts and Peanuts.

VEGETABLES.
Potatoes, Pumpkins, Turnips, Onions, Cabbage, Beets, Parsnips and Carrots.

Also, Ward's, Kendall's Mason's, and Castile Soap; Starch, Adamantine, Sperm and Tallow Candles; Indigo, Pipes, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco; Snuff, Olive Oil, Vermacelli, Sardines, Oranges, Lemons, Sweet Corn, Beans, Sal Soda, Cocoa, Chocolate, Codfish, Mackrel, Herring, Lard, Butter, Cheese, Pork, Hams, Rice, Saleratus, Salt, Mustard, Corn Starch, Stone Jars, Yankee Shaving Soap, Blacking, Ink, Cooking Extracts, Castor Oil, Pins, Pencils, Writing Paper, Yeast Powders and Cakes, Catsup, Pepper Sauce, Pickles, Perry Davis' Pain Killer, Matches, Fire Kindling, and other articles too numerous to mention.

I have also recently prepared Sweet Marjorum, Sage and Summer Savory, which I will warrant a genuine article.

Having received the appointment as Agent for the sale of Spirituous liquors for Medicinal and Mechanical purposes, I am now prepared to supply my customers with Brandies, Wines and other Liquors, by the measure only.

—ALSO—

JUST RECEIVED another lot of nice
HAMS,
SMOKED BEEF,
CURED TONGUES,
No. 1 MACKEREL,
R. I. SALT PORK,
For sale cheap for Cash, by
S. T. HUBBARD,
July 17 cor. Washington Sq. & Thames St.

INSURANCE.

MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE.

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Insure, Marine and Fire Risks on the most favorable terms.

The Capitol of said Company is $150,000, all paid in and invested in Bank Stock in the City of Providence.

DIRECTORS.

R. R. Stafford, Amos D. Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins, George S. Rathbone, Caleb Harris, Walker Humphrey, T. P. I. Goddard, Tully D. Bowen, Allen O. Peck Samuel B. Tobey, James T. Rhodes, John H. Ormsbee. ALLEN O. PECK, *President.*
Walker Humphrey, *Secretary.*

Persons wanting insurance or information concerning said Company, will please apply to
GEORGE BOWEN, Esq., Newport.

THE FARMERS'
Mutual Fire Insurance COMPANY,
AT EAST GREENWICH, R. I.,

CONTINUES to insure against loss or damage by fire or lightning, in two separate classes.

This Company, which confines its business almost wholly to the State of Rhode Island, has been in operation since 1851, has never made an assessment, and has, after paying losses and expenses, a large surplus in the treasury.

Benjamin B. Thurston, President,
Nicholas S. Fry, Vice President.
William Bodfish, Treasurer.
Thomas A. Reynolds, Secretary.
SETH W. MACY, *Agent for Newport.*
East Greenwich, Oct 16, 1858—1y

MORSE'S Indian Root Pills at
March 31 R. J. TAYLOR'S.

GROCERIES.

JOHN D. DENNIS,
AT THE OLD STAND,
NO. 22 BROAD STREET.
ESTABLISHED A. D. 1819.

HAS just received and offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, a large and well selected stock of Groceries, Provisions, &c., &c.

Oolong Teas	Molasses
Eng Breakfast do	Old java coffee
Young Hyson do	Ceylon do
Hyson do	Maracaibo do
Gunpowder do	St Domingo do
Flour in barrels	Roasted do
Flour in half barrels	Ground do
Flour in bags	Groudd cinnamon
Brown Havana sugars	Ground cloves
Stuart's crushed do	Ground ginger
Stuart's refined do	Ground rice
Stuart's ground do	Whaeten grits
Baker's cocoa	Maccaroni
French chocolate	Vermicelli
Hecker's Farina	Extract lemon
Corn starch	Extract rose
Dietetic saleratus	Extract peach
Sup carb soda	Rose water
Cream Tartar	Castile soap
Olive oil	Old palm do
Capres	Ward's do
Table salt	Excelsior do
Dairy salt	Fancy do
Mustard	Pickles
Pepper	Catsups
Cassia	Pepper sauce
Mace	Sperm candles
Nutmegs	Adamantine do
Hominy	Tallow do
Preserved ginger	Washing powder
Lard	Chewing tobacco
Hams	Smoking do
Pork	Maccaboy snuff
Rice	Scotch do
Sweet corn	Dried apples
White beans	Cheese
Hemp seed	Butter
Canary seed	Crackers
Pimento	Pilot bread
Raisins	Vinegar
Currants	Clocks
Citron	Wrapping paper
Tapioca	Letter do
Starch	Bill do
Indigo	Envelopes
Meal	Knives
Shoe brushes	Cattle cards
Dust do	Curry combs
Paint do	Bow pins
Whitewash do	Ox bows
Stove do	Yokes
Horse do	C S shovels
Scrub do	Iron do
Clothes do	Steele and Iron do
Hair do	Manure forks
Tooth do	Hay do
Combs	Hoes
Bath brick	Rakes
Brick dust	Plows
Matches	Plowcastings
Wash boards	Hay cutters
Clothes lines	Corn shellers
Clothes pins	Seed planters
Painted tubs	Coal sieves
Painted pails	Hoe handles
Cedar tubs	Butter boxes
Cedar pails	Whips
Wood dippers	Lashes
Cocoa do	Spades
Baskets	Scythes
Barrel covers	Scythe snaths
Measures	Mats
Shovel handles	Garden seeds
Glass ware	Nails
Stone do	Boots
Earthern do	Shoes
Crockery do	Rubbers

and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. Goods warranted and delivered free in any part of the city.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has removed to his new store, (two doors South of his former location) where he is prepared to furnish his customers with a fresh lot of

GROCERIES,

just received from New York. His assortment contains all kinds of Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Flour, Coffee, &c., &c., which will be sold at very low prices.

Dec 12 ROBERT H. STANTON.

Lard,
Hams,
Shoulders,
Smoked Beef,
Beef Tongues, at
Jan 31 STANTON'S.

175 BUSHELS Peanuts just received from Wilmington, N. C., and for sale by
R. H. STANTON.

CLOTHING.

WINTER CLOTHING.

NOW OPENING a very large stock of Over Coats from four to eighteen dollars. Under Coats from $3,50 to $10; Pants, heavily lined, $1,75 to 5,00. Also double and single breast Vests in great variety, from $1 to $3,50; Under Shirts and Drawyers from 50 cents to $1,25.—Heavy Jacket Gurnsey Frocks, Flannel Shirts, and in fact a general assortment of Clothing adapted to the climate and to the wants of the people.

The above goods have just been purchased under the most favorable circumstances, and will be sold low for cash to make quick returns. Let no one wanting clothing, fail to give an early call as the assortment is now complete.

Oct 16 J. H. COZZENS.

Fashionable Tailoring Establishment
NO. 168 THAMES STREET.

The subscriber, would respectfully invite the attention of the public, to his fashionable assortment of new Summer Goods consisting in part, of

BROADCLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

which will be sold at moderate prices, or made into garments of the *latest styles*, in the most *thorough manner.*

WILLIAM B. SWAN.

New Goods.

JUST received, a large and fashionable assortment of spring goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the latest styles and patterns. Also, a good assortment of low price cassimeres for boys. Cloths, Tailors' Trimmings, and all other articles kept in a fashionable tailoring establishment.

Particular attention paid to cutting, and garments warranted to fit.

April 5 JOSEPH M. HAMMETT

VESTS—A very large assortment purchased under price and will divide the benefit with those who will favor me with purchase. Call and see as nice a white Marseilles, both in make and quality, as custom work, at about half price.—Also, a great variety of other vests less than the usual price. J. H. COZZENS,
June 10 152 Thames street.

A FRESH LOT of Cassimeres and Doeskins o various styles, for sale very cheap at
WM. B. SWAN'S,
Sept 18 168 Thames street.

HATS AND CAPS.

NOW ON HAND a good assortment. Have this week received two New Styles of Hats, the Cable and the Bengal Plaid. Also, a lot of Caps. J. H. COZZENS.

PURE
Ohio Catawba Brandy.

THE UNDERSIGNED have been duly appointed by the Manufacturers in Cincinnati, Agents for the sale of L. LYON'S Ohio Catawba Brandy.

As this article is manufactured from the PURE JUICE of the Catawba Grape, cultivated in the vineyards of the Great West, it has a special claim to notice.

The Proprietor guarantees this Brandy to be STRICTLY PURE and

Free from all Adulteration.

Which is corroborated by the analysis of Dr. James A Nichols, Chemist, Boston; Prof. C. T. Jackson; Dr. A. A. Hayes, Assayer, Mass.; Dr. Hiram Cox, Chemical Inspector, Ohio, and Dr. James R. Chilton, Chemist, New York, as exhibited below:—

From James R. Chilton, Chemist, New York City

Dear Sir:—I have received a bottle of Lyon's pure Ohio Catawba Brandy, for analyzation, and I find it to contain only those ingredients which exist in PURE BRANDY. The proportion of alcohol obtained from it is 47 per cent. I believe this sample to be pure brandy, without adulteration.—The flavor of it is delicate and peculiar.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D. Chemist.
New York, 28th July, 1857.
No. 93 Prince street, cor of Mercer.

THE CATAWBA BRANDY possesses all the choice qualities of the BEST IMPORTED LIQUOR, and is positively known to be of PERFECT PURITY, and of superior flavor.

We would respectfully call attention to this Fine Brandy, confident that the sanction of the above well known chemists ample guarantee of its real merits.

For medical purposes Lyon's Catawba Brandy has no rival. Retail price, $1.12 per bottle, or $12.00 per dozen.

WM. NEWTON & CO.,
Sept 4 Sole Agents for this County.

MITTENS and GLOVES, the largest assortment can be found at
Nov 20 J. H. COZZENS'.

FURNITURE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received a general assortment of Furniture consisting of Mahogany, Sofas, Tete-a-Tetes, Lounges, Gondola Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Mahogany and Black Walnut spring-seat Setting Chairs—a new style, Ottomans, Rosewood, Mahogany and Black Walnut Side and Centre-Tables, (marble tops) Black Walnut and Mahogany Bedsteads, Bureaus and Wash Stands, Mahogany and Black Walnut Hat Trees, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A complete assortment of common and low priced Furniture, Hair, Husk, and Straw Mattresses.



Patent Metallic Burial Caskets.

THE SUBSRIBERS would call the attention of the public to a new and beautiful Metallic Burial Case of form and shape to accord with the feelings of the bereaved, and furnished in imitation of polished Rosewood. These cases being made air tight, contagion is prevented, and the process of decomposition arrested for a long time. This is of great advantage when it is desirable to preserve the remains of a deceased friend for a considerable time, or transport the same to a distant place for sepulchre or where it is necessary to entomb, for a few months before the final burial. They can be seen at our Furniture Rooms, No. 10 Franklin street. Also Coffins of Rosewood, Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine, with Robes and Plates of every description always on hand. Everything connected with the management of funerals promptly attended to.

Langley & Bennett,
May 9 10 Franklin street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WARD'S
BOOK & MUSIC STORE,
130 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.

The place where you can always find

BOOKS

IN THE VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS OF LITERATURE.

All the most popular new works ordered at short notice without extra charge.

BLANK BOOKS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—ALSO—
BLANK BOOKS
MADE TO ORDER.

School Books

of every description. Schools out of the city will be furnished on the most reasonable terms.

Writing Books I manufacture, and can offer great inducements for Teachers and others, who are buying quantities.

Slates

Particular attention is called to the IRON SLATE, which for lightness and superior quality for writing, cannot be excelled.

Note, Letter and Bill Papers

will be found equal to any in the market,—Prices low.

Music and Musical Instruments.

All kinds of sheet Music and Music Books, Instruction Books for Piano; Flute, Violin, Violoncello.

Accordeons, &c.

A large supply of Accordeons and Flutinas, at very low prices for

CASH.

VIOLINS,
FIFES,
FLUTES,

and in fact everything that can usually be found in a well-conducted Music store.

Piano Fortes,

My facilities are such that I can offer great inducements to any one who would wish to purchase or rent Pianos.

Persons wishing to purchase Instruments, should be sure to call and ascertain my terms.

Melodeons

Are coming more and more into use every year; the demand for them is constant, and of the many I have sold in the last four years, I have never heard the slightest complaint. The article I sell, keeps in tune better than a Piano. The price is small and transportation easy, and for many kinds of music they are better than the Piano. Persons wishing a fine piece of music at a small cost, cannot do better than to call and examine my stock.

Pictures, Frames and Looking Glasses.

I keep constantly on hand a variety of English, German and French Prints. Engravings, &c., &c. Also give particular attention to the making of Gilt, Rosewood and Oak Frames of every size and description.

Looking Glass Plates.

I keep on hand of every size, and can replace broken glass and reframe old ones at short notice.

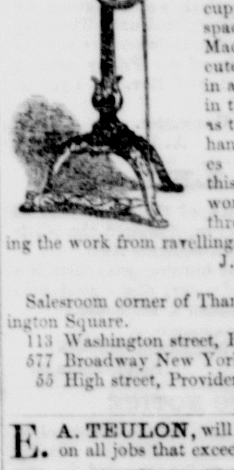
Book Binding.

In all its branches. Bring in your Magazines, and valuable old books and have them bound up, the price and the work shall be satisfactory.

In conclusion, let me say, if you want anything in my line, give me a call and see if I do not do as well by you as any one CAN.

A. J. WARD,
Dec 12 130 Thames Street.

Ladies' Companion.
SEWING MACHINES.
Price from $12 00 to $26 00.
S. F. PRATT'S PATENT.



These Sewing Machines are giving universal satisfaction wherever they have been introduced.—Being extremely simple and easy to manage, are not liable to get out of order. They do not occupy more than half the space of other Sewing Machines, and will execute as much work, and in a much better manner, in the same space of time as twenty persons can by hand, sewing 1000 stitches per minute. When this machine is stopped working it fastens the thread, thereby preventing the work from ravelling.

J. A. WILLIAMS,
Agent for Newport.

Salesroom corner of Thames street and Washington Square.

113 Washington street, Boston, Mass.
577 Broadway New York city.
55 High street, Providence, R. I.
Aug 29—1y

E. A. TEULON, will allow a liberal discount on all jobs that exceed $20 in value.

E. A. TEULON, Card Engraver, furnishes an elegantly Engraved Plate, with 50 Cards for visiting for $1 75; others charge $3.

E. A. TEULON, furnishes 100 elegantly Engraved Cards for Weddings for $2 75; others charge $4 50.

E. A. TEULON, furnishes an Engraved Invitation Plate, with 100 Cards for Wedding Levees, for $4 50; others charge $7. Envelopes neatly directed.

E. A. TEULON, Card Engraver, furnishes 50 Cards, printed from an old plate, for 75 cents; others charge $1. The above shall be executed in the neatest styles, and a convenient Card Case will be given to all customers who order a new Plate and a Pack of Cards in 1858. Wedding Cake Boxes. Envelopes varying from 50 cents to $4 per hundred. Initials stamped to order ***at No. 149 1-2 Washington street,*** (directly opposite the Old South Church,) Boston.
June 19—tf.

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER having been appointed by the City authorities to fill the place of City Crier made vacant by the death of the former incumbent, offers his services to the public as Crier, Bill Poster, Collector, &c., promising puntuality and faithfulness in the discharge of all business with which he may be favored. Orders left at the Auction Room of Francis Stanhope, Broad street, and at the store of John J. Stacy, Thames street, will be promptly attended to

Feb 21 S. CLARKE SANFORD.

BOOTS & SHOES.

G. B. REYNOLDS, 125 Thames street, informs his friends and customers that in addition to the manufacture of Boots, heretofore carried on by him, he has laid in a stock of sale work, consisting of Ladies' and Misses Gaiter Boots, Walking Shoes and Slippers, together with a complete assortment of Men's ready made Boots and Shoes; all of which are offered at as low prices as at any other establishment.
Aug 4—tf

BUSINESS CARDS.

SOLOMON BRAMAN,
BLACKSMITH,
Meeting Street.............Newport.

Edge and Stone Tools made and repaired and particular attention paid to Horse and Ox Shoeing. All work will be done in a substantial and workmanlike manner. June 4

HARRISON BARNET,
—DEALER IN—
Window Shades, Cornices, Bands,
PAPER HANGINGS, PINS, TASSELS, GIMPS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
At Reduced Prices for Cash.
126 William Street,...New York.

WILLIAM H. SHERMAN,
CORNER WASHINGTON SQUARE & THAMES ST.
—DEALER IN—
Meats, Poultry and Vegetables,
where can always be found the very best, at the very lowest market prices.

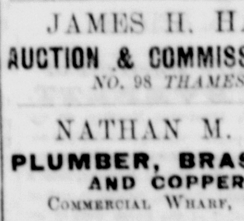
R. P. BERRY,
DENTIST,
—OFFICE—
CORNER OF THAMES AND MARY STREETS.

JOHN R. STANHOPE,
Shipping & Commission Merchant,
65 Broad Street,
New York.

Orders for the Purchase and Shipment of Merchandise promptly executed.

Refers to Edward Corning, Esq., and Mess. Stanton, Sheldon & Co.

ALBERT SHERMAN,
—DEALER IN—
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY,
No. 259
SOUTH THAMES STREET.



T. J. WEAVER,
FASHIONABLE
HATTER,
and dealer in
Hats, Caps and Straw Goods
One door North of
Merchants Bank,
Newport.

JAMES H. HAMMETT,
AUCTION & COMMISSION BUSINESS
NO. 98 THAMES STREET.

NATHAN M. CHAFEE,
PLUMBER, BRASS FOUNDER AND COPPER SMITH,
Commercial Wharf, Newport, R. I.

BENJAMIN FREEBORN,
SAIL MAKER,
No. 12 Commercial Wharf, - - - Newport.

Every kind of work in this business will be done with promptness and at reasonable prices.
Sept 11—1y

J. H. COZZENS,
152 THAMES STREET,
DEALER IN
CLOTHING,
HATS, CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS,
OIL SUITS, TRUNKS, VALICES,
CARPET BAGS, &c.



W. A. WEEDEN,
DEALER IN
BOOTS & SHOES,
No. 198½ Thames street,
Newport,
Near Kinsley's
Express Office.

T. MUMFORD SEABURY,
DEALER IN
Boots and Shoes of all Kinds,
NO. 140 THAMES STREET.
☞ Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

ISAAC S. BOSS,
BREAD, CAKE & CRACKER BAKER,
205 THAMES STREET, NEWPORT.

EDWARD C. HAYES,
BOOT and SHOE MAKER,
No. 7 WASHINGTON SQUARE,
NEAR THE FOUNTAIN, NEWPORT, R. I.
☞ Repairing promptly and neatly executed.

LANGLEY & NORMAN,
DRAPERS & TAILORS,
104 & 106 THAMES STREET.

Where can be found a complete assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Furnishing Goods, consisting of Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Scarfs, Ties, Gloves, &c., &c.
July 17

JOHN H. GLADDING,
Auction and Commission Merchant,
150 THAMES STREET,
Aug. 14. Newport.

HOGAN & GLADDING,
SAIL MAKERS,
Perry Mill Wharf,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Sails of all kinds, Wagon Covers, Awnings, Hammocks, Bags, &c., made in the best manner and on reasonable terms.
Aug 28—ff.

SEGARS! SEGARS!! Segars!!! importations from Havana, and of the following brands: Cabanas, London do., Principe, Cazadora, Cabarga, London do., Primaralda, Concha do., Prinsados do., La Crisol London, of the best quality, may be had at R. H. STANTON'S,
July 17 102 Thames street.

Sulphite of Lime.—For arresting fermentation in Cider—keeping it sweet either in bottles or casks—as recommended by Prof. of Cambridge.
Nov 6. R. J. TAYLOR.

New Paper Hangings.—1000 rolls Paper Hangings, just opened at 17 & 19 Broad and 1 Spring st.
Nov 6 WM. CORNELL.

1000 ROLLS Paper Hangings, patterns, for sale at cost, by JOHN D. DENNIS,
Nov 9 22 Broad st.